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教育

教

英语

出版社









义务教育教科书

五年级下册

(三年级起点)

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义务教育教科书



五年级下册

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汀北表育出版社



亲爱的同学们,新学期开始啦!

上学期,你们知道李明和妈妈还有丹尼、詹妮制定了旅行计划,他们要 一起去北京旅行。本学期这次快乐的旅行就开始了!

你们想知道李明、丹尼和詹妮在去北京的旅途中发生了什么趣事吗?

你们想知道他们参观天安门、故宫,登长城时发生了什么吗?他们去王 府井购物了吗?

你们想知道他们怎样与家人和朋友联系吗?那就开始我们这学期的学习之旅吧!

同学们,这学期你们将学习用英语描述正在发生的事情和过去发生的事情,这些表达形式有什么变化,有什么规律呢?在学习中,你们要注意比较, 发现规律,认识规律,并运用规律。这样,许多问题就会迎刃而解!相信你 们一定能学得很棒!





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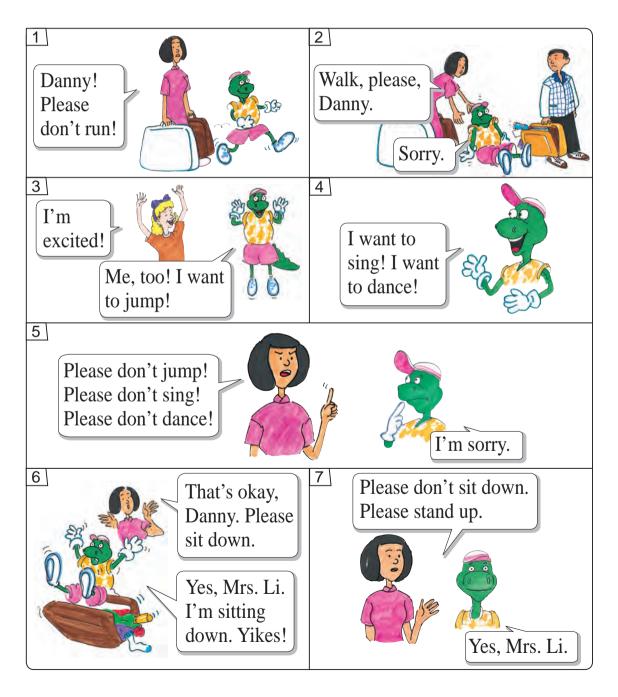
UNIT 1 Lessons 1~6 Going to Beijing



Lesson 1 | Am Excited!

1 Please don't run!

It's Monday morning. Mrs. Li, Li Ming, Jenny and Danny go to Beijing today. They arrive at the train station. Danny runs to the train.



1. Read and match.





- a. Don't go straight.
- c. Don't ride a bike.
- e. Don't eat or drink.

2. Look, say and write.







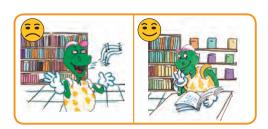


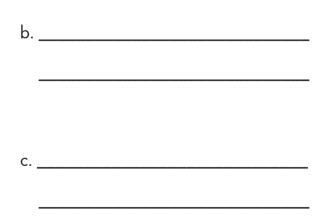
- b. Don't turn left.
- d. Don't swim.
- f . Don't walk on the grass.



a. Please don't sit down. Please stand up.



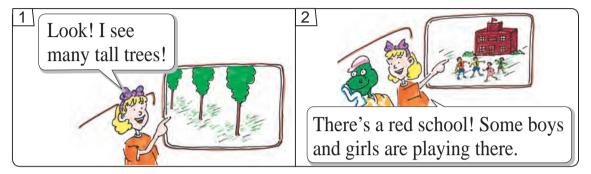




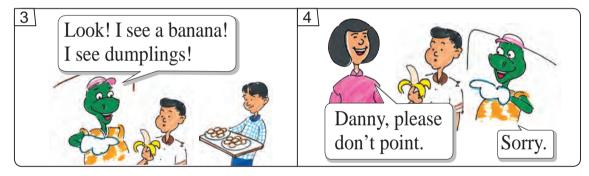
Lesson 2 What Are You Doing?

1 What do they see on the train?

Jenny is looking out of the window on the train.



Danny is not looking out of the window. What is Danny looking at?



2 What are you doing?

Li Ming: Jenny, what are you doing now? Jenny: I am drawing a picture. What are you doing? Li Ming: I'm reading a book. Jenny: Danny is singing a song to your mother.

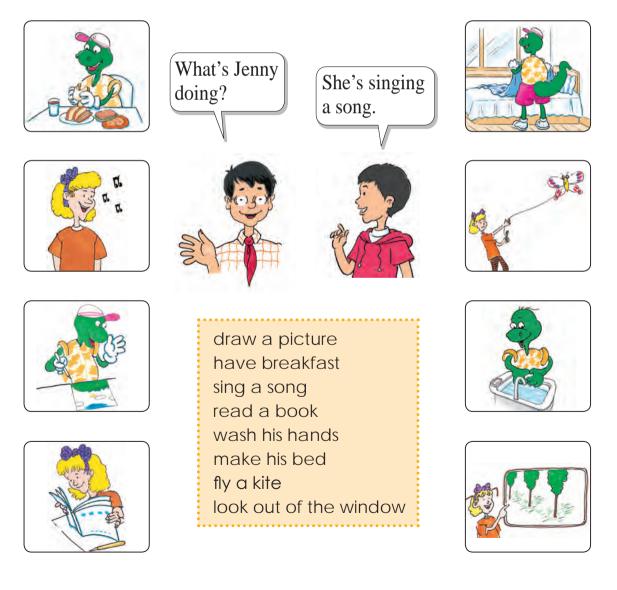
Mrs. Li: Danny, please don't sing!



1. Read Part 1 and Part 2. Tick or cross.

- a. Jenny sees many trees.
- b. Danny is pointing at the food.
- c. Jenny is drawing a picture on the train.
- d. Li Ming is reading the newspaper.
- e. Mrs. Li likes Danny's song.

2. Pair work. Point and talk.



Lesson 3 Who Is Singing?

1 Is Jenny singing?



"Are you singing, Jenny?" I ask.

"No, I'm not. The woman behind me is singing," says Jenny.



"The baby is crying," I say. "Yes," says Jenny. "The baby is tired."

"Who is talking?" I ask. "Danny is talking," says Jenny. "He is talking to the man behind you."





"Now the baby isn't crying," I say. "Yes," says Jenny. "The baby is sleeping now."

2 Let's sing!

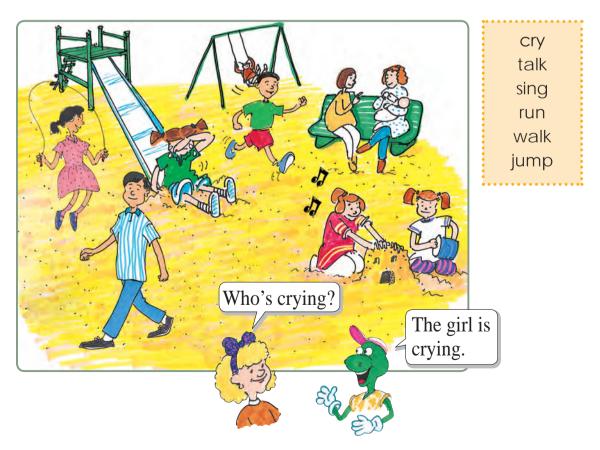
Who's singing? Who's singing? A woman. A woman. She's singing. She's singing. She likes to sing to her baby.

Who's sleeping? Who's sleeping? A baby. A baby. He is sleeping. He is sleeping. He likes to play and sleep.



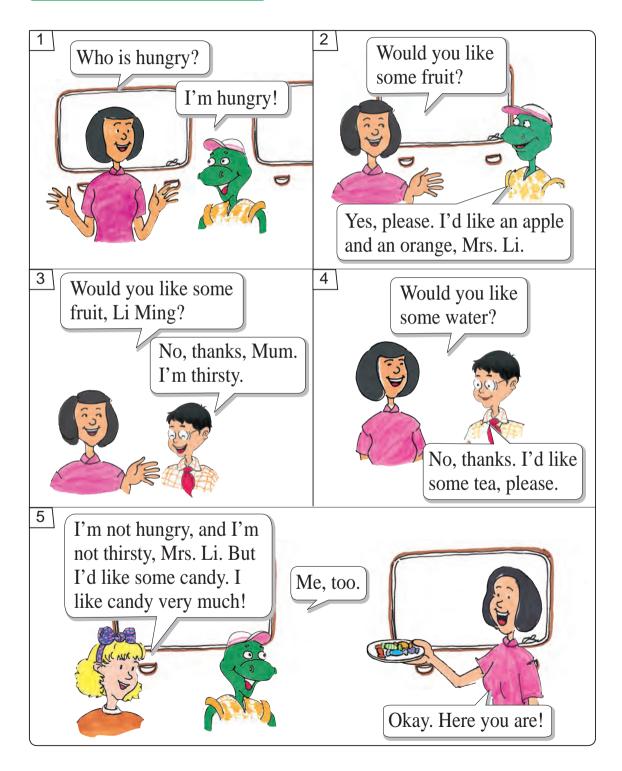
3 Let's do it!

Pair work. Point and talk.

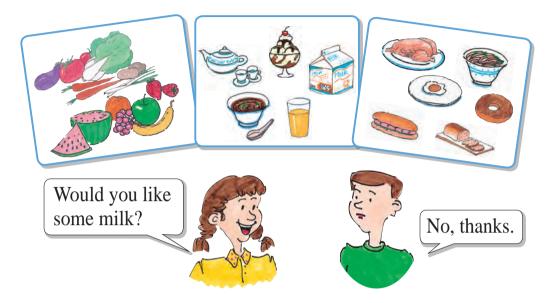


Lesson 4 Who Is Hungry?

1 Who is hungry?



1. Pair work. Look and talk.



2. Look and write.



The baby is tired.

He is sleeping.









tired thirsty hungry happy sad sleep drink eat sing cry

Lesson 5 What Are They Doing?

1 People on the train

Li Ming: What is the baby doing now, Jenny?Jenny: I don't know. I can't see the baby.Li Ming: What is the woman doing now?Jenny: She's reading the newspaper.Who is playing?





Li Ming: The man behind me is playing cards with his friends. They're having fun.

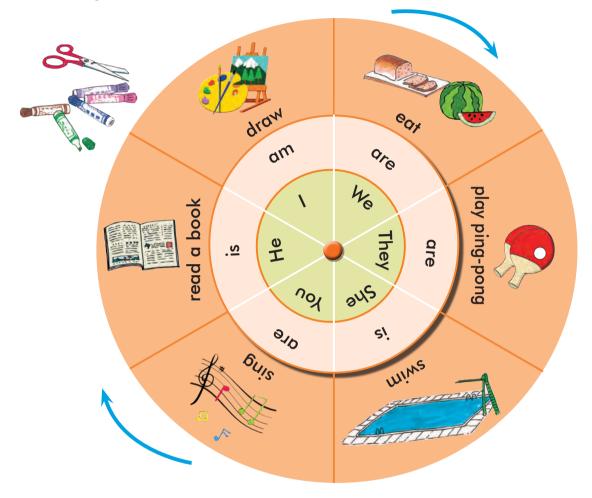
Jenny: Where is Danny? Li Ming: I don't know. Jenny: Danny? Danny? Oh, no! I can't find Danny! DANNY!





Danny: Jenny!Jenny: Oh! There you are.Danny: I'm playing with the baby.Jenny: May I play with the baby, too?Danny: Sure!

Make, spin and write.



I am drawing.

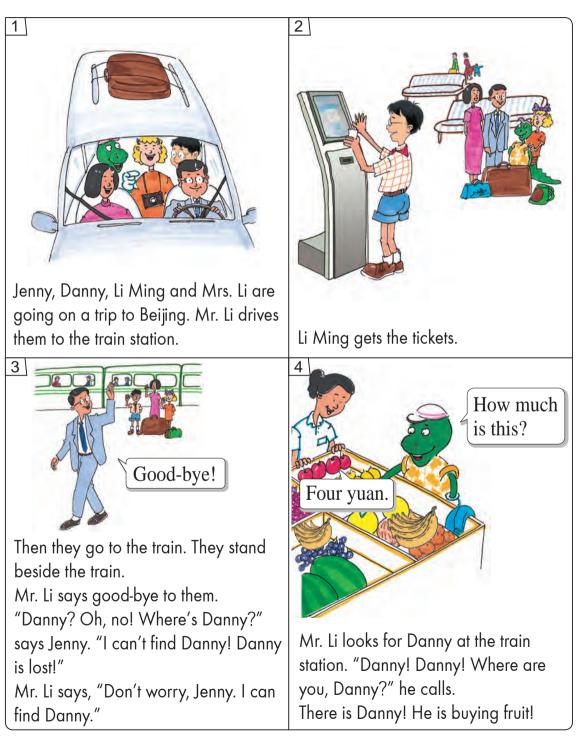
We are eating.

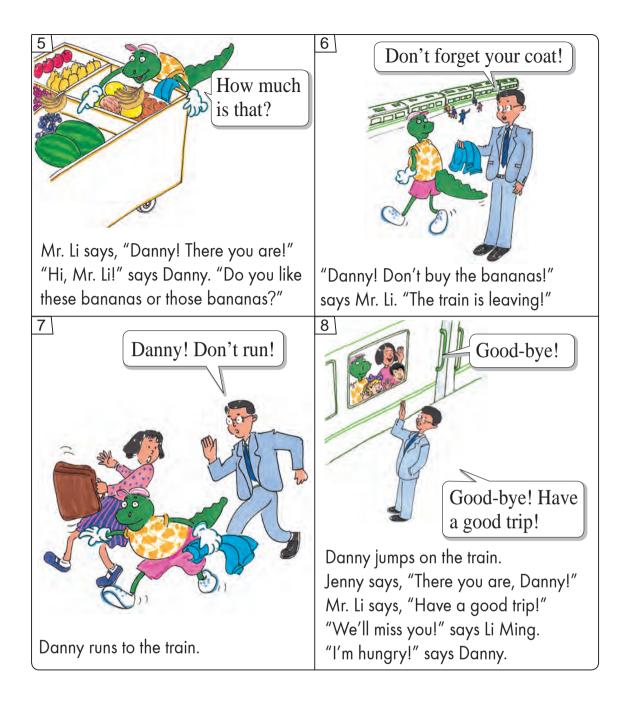
3 Listen and repeat.

'chicken	'doctor	'trousers	'subject	
'science	'welcome	, thir'teen	'Chi'nese	

Lesson 6 Danny Is Lost!







\star Talk and act

- Who is going to Beijing?
- What happens to Danny?
- Act out the story.

Again, Please!

1 Listen and circle.



2 Listen and tick.

	1 Love Learning English	-53	A LE		Cast and a second	
Li Ming						
Father						
Mother						
Aunt						
Uncle						
Jing						

3 Listen and write.

Danny: Hi, Jenny. Let's go shopping.

Jenny:
I don't want to go shopping.

I want to
a picture.

Danny:
Go with me, please!

Jenny:
Okay!

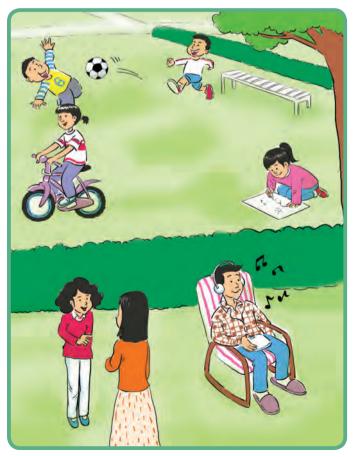
(On the street)

Jenny:
Danny, please don't _____.

Jense walk.

Danny: Okay. Okay. I am sorry.

4 Look, point and write.



1. Who is listening to music?

- 2. Who is talking?
- 3. _____?

The boy is running.

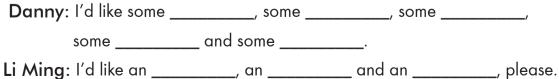
4. _____?

The boy is jumping.

- 5. Who is riding a bike?
- 6. _____?

The girl is drawing.





7 Read and match.

- 1. Please don't run.
- 2. What are you doing?
- 3. Would you like some milk?
- 4. What would you like to drink?
- 5. Who is singing?

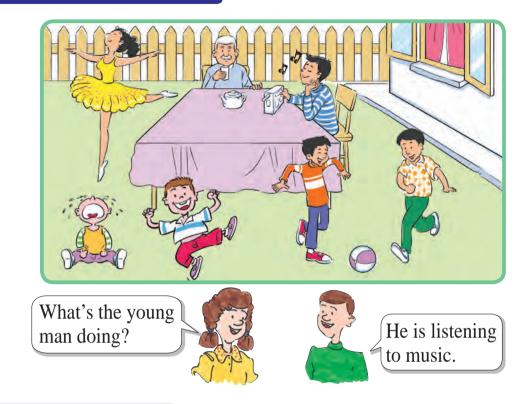
8 Read and write.

- A. I'm reading a book.
- B. The girl is singing.
- C. Okay. I'm sorry.
- D. Yes, please.
- E. I'd like some tea.



Look at this family. What are they doing? The man is	
the woman watching TV? No. She is a	a song to the baby.
The baby is Look at the boy. He is	a picture.
What is the girl doing? She is with her to	ру.
with the girl doing ; one is with the te	<i>y</i> .

9 Talk about the picture.



How am I doing?

	Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing	Total stars
)» 3	(M			
At school	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	公公		公公	公公	
At home	\sim	\langle	\sim	\checkmark	
I am	A 10-	-12 🟠	B 7~9 ☆		C 1∼6 ☆

UNIT 2 Lessons 7~12 In Beijing



Lesson 7 Arriving in Beijing

1 People in Beijing

Li Ming, Danny, Jenny and Mrs. Li arrive in Beijing at 1:17 in the afternoon. They are on their way to the hotel.







A child is flying a kite. Some children are playing football.



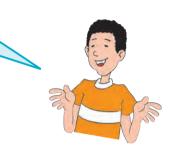
A young woman is singing. Some old women are dancing.



A man is running. Some old men are doing Tai Chi.

1. Read Part 1. Answer the questions.

- When do they arrive in Beijing?
- What do they see on their way to the hotel?
- What do you know about Beijing?



2. Look and match.



These people are walking.
These men are playing basketball.
These women are singing.
The girl is running.
These children are playing.
The woman is listening to music.



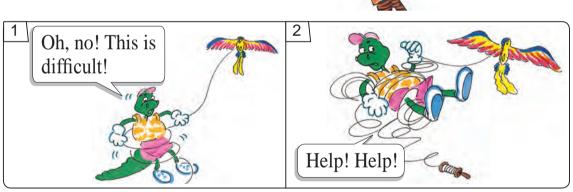
Lesson 8 Tian'anmen Square

1 On the square



Tian'anmen Square is very big! There are many people here! Some people are taking pictures on the square. There are many children. They are playing.

"Some men are flying kites!" says Danny. "Let's fly a kite." "This is easy," says Jenny.

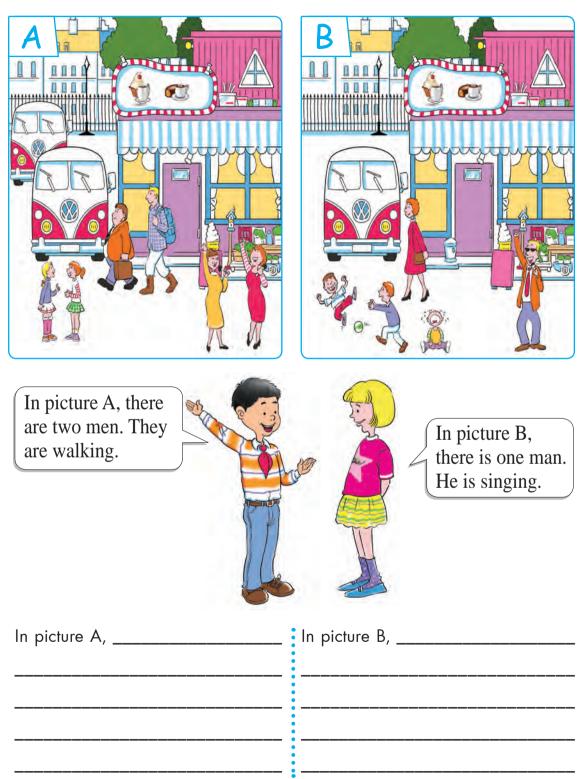


"Poor Danny! Are you okay?" asks Jenny. "No! I hurt my arm!" answers Danny. "Don't worry. I can help you," says Jenny. "Thanks," Danny says.



Jenny can fly her kite very high. Danny can't fly a kite. He hurts his arm. He is sad.

Look, talk and write.



Lesson 9 The Palace Museum

1 At the Palace Museum

It's sunny today. The sky is blue. Danny, Jenny and Li Ming are visiting the Palace Museum. The palace is red and yellow. It's



beautiful!

Jenny: How old is the Palace Museum, Li Ming? Li Ming: It's about six hundred years old. Jenny: That's old!

Danny: Let's look in the window!

Li Ming: What do you see? Jenny: I see some chairs

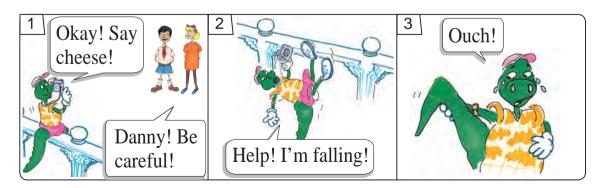
and tables. They are old.

Danny: May I take your picture, Jenny?



Jenny: Sure.

Danny: And your picture, too, Li Ming. Please stand beside Jenny.



Danny falls! He hurts his tail! Poor Danny!

Read Part 1. Talk and write.



- 1. How old is the Palace Museum? _____
- 2. What colour is the palace? _____
- 3. Are there old chairs and tables in the Palace Museum?
- 4. Does Danny take a picture? _____
- 5. Does Danny hurt his tail? _____

3 Let's sing!

Let's take a picture, you and me. Look at the camera, 1, 2, 3. Let's take a picture, you and me. Look at the camera, say cheese! Okay, okay. This time, let's make a funny face. Ready? Let's take a picture. 1, 2, 3. You and me. Say cheese!



Lesson 10 The Great Wall

1 On the Great Wall



The Great Wall is far from our hotel. We need to take a bus.

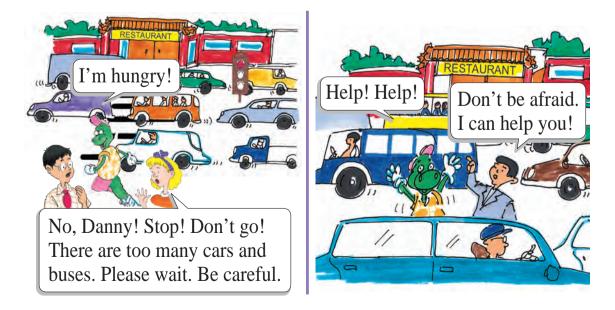
Jenny: How old is the Great Wall, Li Ming?

Li Ming: It's about 2000 years old.
Jenny: That's very old.
Danny: How long is it?
Li Ming: About 6000 kilometres.
Danny: That's great!



2 On the way back

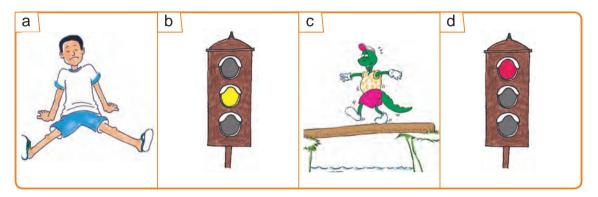
On the way back to the hotel, Danny feels tired and hungry. He sees a restaurant. He runs to the restaurant.



1. Read Part 1 and Part 2. Ask and answer.

- a. How do they go to the Great Wall?
- b. How old is the Great Wall?
- c. How long is the Great Wall?
- d. How does Danny feel on the way back?
- e. Is Danny afraid of the cars and buses?

2. Look and write.



- a. How does the boy feel? He feels <u>t</u>____.
- b. The light is yellow. Please <u>w_____</u>! Don't go!
- c. Danny can't swim. He is <u>a</u> of falling into the water.
- d. The light is red. Please <u>s_____</u>!

3. Talk more about Beijing.

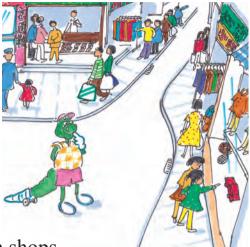


Lesson 11 Shopping in Beijing

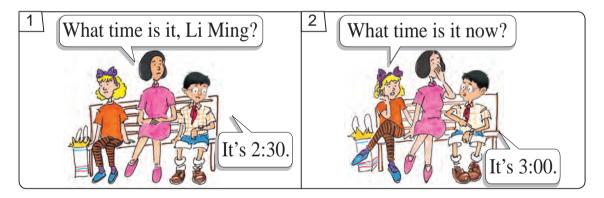
1 On Wangfujing Street

Danny, Jenny, Li Ming and Mrs. Li are shopping on Wangfujing Street. Danny's tail hurts, but he loves shopping.

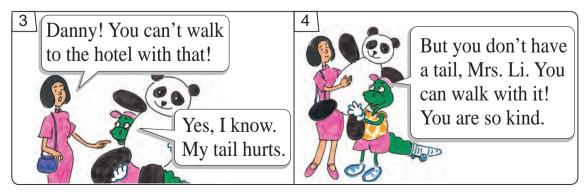
Jenny buys a scarf for her mother, some tea for her father, a kite for her sister and a cap for her brother.



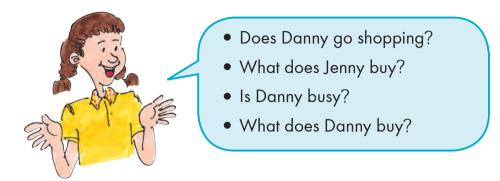
Danny is so busy. He looks in fifteen shops. Mrs. Li, Li Ming and Jenny sit down.



Here's Danny! What does he have? It's a big panda!



1. Read Part 1. Answer the questions.

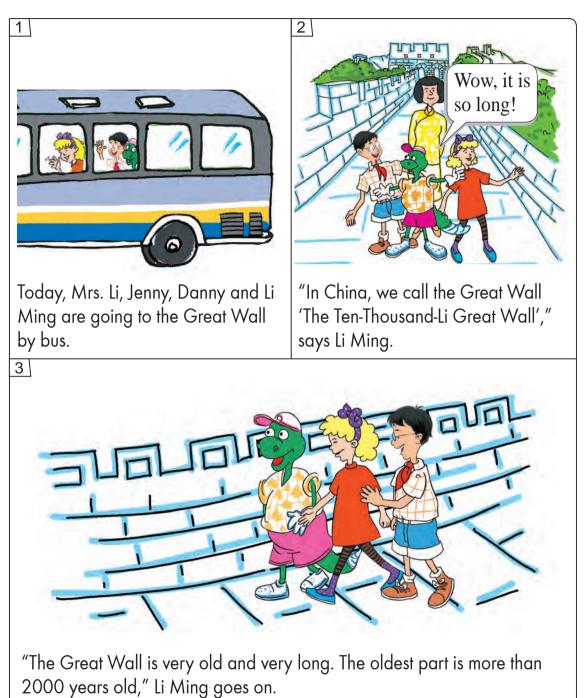


2. Read and write.

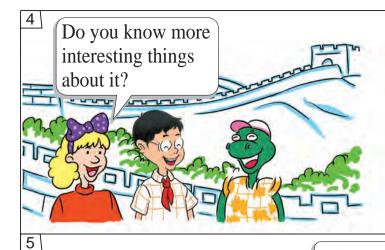
• What do I want to	you want to buy fo	r your family?	•
		for my n	nother,
		for my f	ather,
Listen a	nd repeat.		
'family	₁after'noon 'vegetable	'animal 'library	'elephant 'hospital

Lesson 12 A Visit to the Great Wall





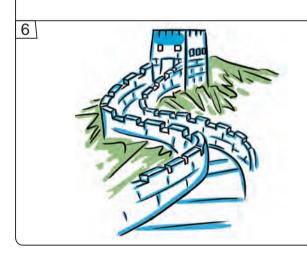
Danny and Jenny want to know more about the Great Wall.

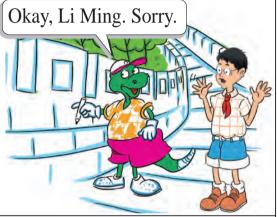


"Well, in China, people say 'He who does not go to the Great Wall is not a true man'," says Li Ming.

"Great! So now I am a true man! Let me write my name on the Great Wall," says Danny.

"No, Danny! Don't draw or write on the Great Wall! Let's keep it clean and beautiful," says Li Ming.





"What a wonderful place to visit!" says Jenny. "We are lucky to see it."

★ Read and talk

- What's the Chinese saying about the Great Wall?
- How can we keep the Great Wall clean and beautiful?
- Talk about the Great Wall with your friends.

Again, Please!

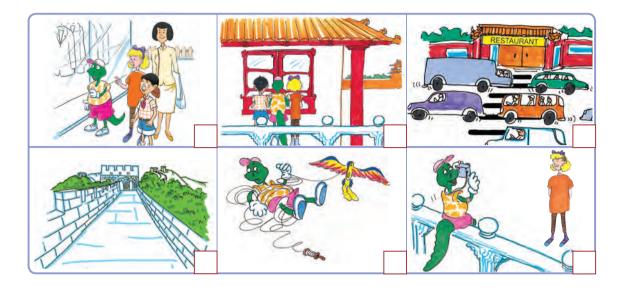
1 Listen and tick.



2 Listen and write.

- 1. Look, there are many _____ and _____ in the park.
- 2. Don't be ______. I can ______ you.
- 3. Mary is playing. She is _____.
- 4. There are many _____. They are _____.
- 5. ____! The tea is too hot.

3 Listen and number.



4 Look and write.

•	women tting ho		-	-	
These children a	re running.	The	ese		are
They are hot.		The	ey are		<u> </u>
The They are		:	ese ey are		are

33

5 Read and match.

- 1. How old is the Palace Museum?
- 2. May I take your picture?
- 3. Can you fly a kite?
- 4. Who is singing?
- 5. I can't find my camera.

A. Sure.

- B. No, I can't.
- C. The woman is singing.
- D. Let me help you.
- E. It's about 600 years old.

6 Read. Tick or cross.

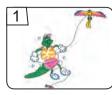


- 1. Li Lin arrives in Beijing at nine twenty.
- 2. At ten o'clock, Li Lin goes to the hotel.
- 3. Li Lin has lunch in the restaurant at half past eleven.
- 4. At twelve ten, Li Lin goes to the Palace Museum.
- 5. Li Lin goes shopping at nine thirty in the evening.

7 Complete the dialogue.

Tom: It's sunny today John: Great! Tom: Let's take a bus. John: How far is it from here to the park Tom: John: It's not far Tom: Okay!	
A. How can we get there?	
C. Let's go to the park.	D. Let's walk.
 8 Read and write. take help for Sue: Hi, Bill. Here is a new kite 	r feel be
Bill: Sorry, I can't.	
Sue: It's easy. I can you. Bill: Oh, it's too difficult.	
Sue: careful. The kite is fall	ing. Run! Run!
Bill: The kite is flying. I can fly it.	< C
Sue: Let me your picture. S	ay cheese.
Bill: Cheese! Sue: Do you happy today? Bill: Yes, I do.	

9 Look and talk.



Does Danny fly a kite on Tian'anmen Square? What happens?



Does Danny take a picture at the Palace Museum? What happens?



Does Danny go to the Great Wall? What happens?



Does Danny go shopping on Wangfujing Street? What happens?

10 How am I doing?

	Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing	Total stars
) » B	T			
At school	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	公公	公公	公公	公公	
At home	\checkmark	\langle	\langle	\checkmark	
	公公	公公	公公	公公	
I am	A 10-	-12 🛧	🥰 B 7~9 ☆		C 1∼6 ☆

Words in Each Unit

(注:本表所列词汇要求学生听懂、会说、认读和书写)

Unit 1		woman 女人	(3)
		baby 婴儿	(3)
run 跑	(1)	cry 哭; 哭泣; 喊叫	(3)
sorry 对不起,不好意思(道)	歉时用)	talk 交谈; 讨论	(3)
	(1)	man 男人	(3)
jump 跳; 跳跃	(1)	sleep 睡觉;入睡	(3)
sing 唱; 演唱	(1)	who 谁	(4)
dance 跳舞	(1)	hungry 饥饿的	(4)
sit 坐	(1)	water 水	(4)
down 向下; 朝下; 沿着	(1)	tea 茶	(4)
stand 站立; 直立	(1)	candy 糖果	(4)
up 向上; 在上面	(1)		
see 看见;明白;会见(过去	式为	Unit 2	
saw)	(2)	people 人们	(7)
look 看; 瞧	(2)	many 许多的;许多	(7)
look out of 从向外看	(2)	child 孩子(复数形式为childrer	ı)
look at 看(某人或某物)	(2)		(7)
boy 男孩	(2)	women 女人(woman 的复数形	;式)
girl 女孩	(2)		(7)
now 现在	(2)	men 男人(<i>man</i> 的复数形式)	(7)
draw 画	(2)	say 说	(8)
picture 图画; 照片	(2)	help 救命;帮助	(8)

worry 担心, 担忧	(8)
sad 悲伤的	(8)
take 乘坐; 买下; 拍照	(9)
take a picture 拍照	(9)
be 是;存在(<i>am, is, are</i> 等的原	形动
词)	(9)
feel 觉得; 感到	(10)
tired 疲劳的; 累的	(10)
stop 停下,停止; (公共汽车、	火
车)站	(10)
wait 等待	(10)
afraid 害怕,畏惧	(10)
for 为; 给	(11)
busy 忙碌的	(11)

Unit 3

much (与how 连用以询问数量)多		
少;很;非常	(13)	
write ′写	(14)	
mum 妈妈(非正式用语)	(14)	
dad 爸爸(非正式用语)	(14)	
dear 亲爱的	(14)	
fine 健康的; 晴朗的	(14)	
left 左边的; 左边	(14)	
right 右边的;右边	(14)	
turn 转向;转弯	(15)	
wrong 错误的	(15)	

•	email	电子邮件	(16)
•				

)

)

- idea 想法; 主意 (16)
- computer 电脑 (16)
- use 使用;利用 (16)
- kind 友好的;体贴的 (17)
- us 我们(we的宾格形式) (17)

Unit 4

story 故事	(19)
did 做,干;助动词(do的过去	式)
	(19)
yesterday 昨天	(19)
night 夜晚,晚上	(19)
had 有; 吃; 进行(活动)(have	的过
去式)	(20)
went 去; 走; 离开(go的过去;	弌)
	(20)
saw 看见(see 的过去式)	(20)
ate 吃(eat 的过去式)	(20)
photo 照片	(21)
were 是;存在(<i>are</i> 的过去式)	(21)
was 是;存在(am, is 的过去式)) (21)
happy 快乐的; 高兴的	(21)
bought 买(buy的过去式)	(22)
back 回原处; 向后	(23)

-



(注:黑体词要求听懂、会说、认读和书写;白体词要求听懂、会说和认读;标星号词为超标词)

A	
*address 地址	(14)
afraid 害怕,畏惧	(10)
answer 回答	(8)
arm 胳膊	(8)
*arrive 到达; 抵达	(1)
ask 问; 询问	(3)
ate 吃(eat的过去式)	(20)

(3)
(23)
形动
(9)
(22)
(2)
(11)



can 能; 会(过去式为could) (5) Canada 加拿大 (15)

candy 糖果	(4)
card 纸牌; 卡片	(5)
*careful 小心; 注意	(9)
*cheese 奶酪	(9)
child 孩子(复数形式为children)	(7)

- class 班级; 课 (24)
- **computer** 电脑 (16)
- cry 哭; 哭泣; 喊叫 (3)



dad 爸爸(非正式用语)	(14)
dance 跳舞	(1)
*date 日期	(14)
dear 亲爱的	(14)
*difference 差异;不同	(19)

did 做,干;助动词(do的过去式)

(1	9)
`	

difficult 困难的	(8)
down 向下; 朝下; 沿着	(1)
draw 🔟	(2)
*drive 开车送(某人); 驾驶	(6)
*dumpling 饺子	(2)

Ε

easy 容易的	(8)
email 电子邮件	(16)
every 每一个, 每个	(20)
*everyone 每人; 人人	(18)
*excited 激动的;兴奋的	(1)
*excuse 劳驾,请原谅	(15)



*fall 落下; 跌落					
feel 觉得; 感到					
find 发现; 找到					
fine 健康的; 晴朗的					
first 第一; 首先					
football 足球					
for 为; 给					
*forget 忘记					
fourth 第四					
*fun 乐趣; 快乐					

G

*gift 礼物	
girl 女孩	
good-bye 再见	

had 有; 吃; 进行(活动)(have的过 去式)

H

	*hamburger 汉堡包	(24)
	*happen 发生	(21)
(8)	happy 快乐的; 高兴的	(21)
(16)	help 救命; 帮助	(8)
(20)	high 高; 高的	(8)
(18)	home 家; 在家, 回家	(16)
(1)	*hotel 宾馆	(7)
(15)	hundred 一百	(9)
	hungry 饥饿的	(4)
(9)	*hurt (使)受伤; 感到疼痛(过	去式为
(10)	hurt)	(8)
(5)		
(14)		
(14)	idea 想法; 主意	(16)
(7)		
(11)		
(6)	jump 跳, 跳跃	(1)
(20)		
(5)		
	*keep 使保持在(某一状态)	(12)
(10)	*kilometre 千米; 公里	(10)
(18)	kind 友好的; 体贴的	(17)
(2) (6)		
(0)	U	
	*last 上一个的; 最后的	(19)
的过	left 左边的; 左边	(14)
(20)	*letter 信; 字母	(13)

little 小的; 年幼的	(18)
look 看; 瞧	(2)
look at 看(某人或某物)	(2)
look out of 从向外看	(2)
*lost 迷路的; 丢失的	(6)
*lucky 幸运的	(12)
lunch 午餐	(18)

M

man 男人(复数形式为men)	(3)
many 许多的;许多	(7)
me 我(I的宾格形式)	(1)
*more 更多; 更多的	(12)
Mr. 先生(用于男子的姓氏或姓名	呂前)
	(6)
Mrs. 夫人; 太太(用在已婚女子	的夫
姓或夫的姓名前)	(1)
much (与how 连用以询问数量)	多
少;很;非常	(13)
mum 妈妈(非正式用语)	(14)
*museum 博物馆	(9)
N	
*need 需要	(10)
*newspaper 报纸	(5)

- night 夜晚,晚上 (19)
- **now** 现在

0

	:	o'clock	•••••点钟	(18)
--	---	---------	---------	------

- often 时常;常常 (19)
- okay 对;好;行;平安(=OK)(1)
- *oldest 最古老的 (12)
- 3) open 打开 (24)
 - or 或者; 还是 (6)
 - Ottawa 渥太华 (18)
 - *out (从……里)出来 (2)

P

*palace 宫殿	(9)
Palace Museum 故宫	(9)
*paper 纸; 纸张	(13)
*part 部分	(12)
party 聚会; 宴会	(24)
people 人们	(7)
photo 照片	(21)
picture 图画; 照片	(2)
*point 指,指向	(2)
*poor 可怜的	(8)
*post office 邮局	(15)
*postcard 明信片	(13)

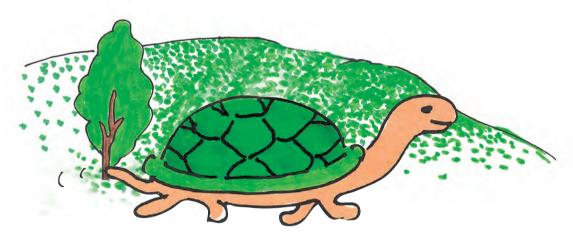
(5) put 放; 安置 (14)

(2)

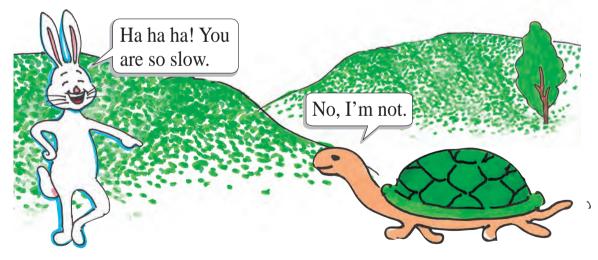
		stand 站立; 直立	(1)
R		stand up 站立;起立	(1)
right 右边的; 右边	(14)	*station 火车站	(1)
run 跑	(1)	stop 停下,停止; (公共汽车、	火
		车)站	(10)
		story 故事	(19)
sad 悲伤的	(8)	*straight 笔直地; 直的	(15)
say 说	(8)	*sure 当然	(5)
*scarf 围巾	(11)		
second 第二	(20)		
see 看见;明白;会见(过去式	为	table 桌子	(9)
saw)	(2)	*tail 尾巴	(9)
*send 邮寄;发送	(13)	take 乘坐;买下;拍照	(9)
*sentence 句子	(18)	take a picture 拍照	(9)
sing 唱; 演唱	(1)	talk 交谈;讨论	(3)
sit 坐	(1)	tea 茶	(4)
sit down 坐下	(1)	tell 告诉	(18)
*sky 天空	(9)	*than 比	(12)
sleep 睡觉;入睡	(3)	thank 致谢,道谢	(4)
snowy 多雪的 (17)		them 他(她、它)们(they 的宾格	形
*so 这么,这样;那么,那样	;因	式)	(6)
此,所以	(11)	then 然后; 接着	(6)
some 一些	(2)	there 在那里; 到那里	(2)
song 歌曲	(2)	*thing 事情; 事物, 东西	(12)
*soon 很快; 马上; 不久	(16)	third 第三	(20)
sorry 对不起,不好意思(道歉	(时用)	*thirsty 渴的; 口渴的	(4)
	(1)	thousand 一千	(12)
*square 广场	(8)	*ticket 票; 车票	(6)
*stamp 邮票	(14)	time 时间	(11)
		•	

tired 疲劳的;累的	(10)	was 是;存在(am, is 的过去式)(21)
tomorrow 明天	(16)	water 水 (4)
*traffic 交通	(15)	well (说话时稍微停顿)对了, 噢;
*trip 旅行, 旅游	(6)	健康 (12)
*true 真正的;确实的	(12)	went 去; 走; 离开(go的过去式)
*truly 真诚地,诚恳地	(18)	(20)
try 试; 努力	(22)	were 是;存在(are的过去式) (21)
try on 试穿	(22)	who 谁 (4)
turn 转向;转弯	(15)	*will 会,要(用以表示对未来事物
		的预料);将要 (16)
		woman 女人(复数形式为women)
up 向上; 在上面	(1)	(3)
us 我们(we的宾格形式)	(17)	worry 担心; 担忧 (8)
use 使用;利用	(16)	*would 要; 肯(表示喜欢、愿意)
V		(4)
		write 写 (14)
very 很, 非常	(4)	wrong 错误的 (15)
visit 参观; 拜访	(12)	
W		
		yesterday 昨天 (19)
wait 等待	(10)	*yours 你的;你们的 (18)
*wall 城墙; 围墙	(10)	
	Nam	nes
Emma 埃玛		Tom 汤姆
Jones 琼斯		Zeke 齐克
Tess 苔丝		

The Tortoise and the Hare



One day, a tortoise was walking down the road. He was walking very slowly. A hare came along and saw the tortoise.

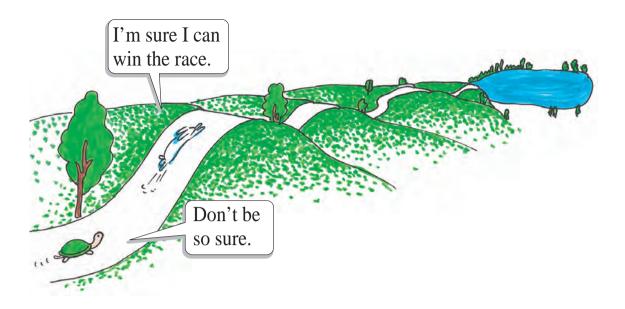


"What are you doing, Mr. Tortoise?" asked the hare.

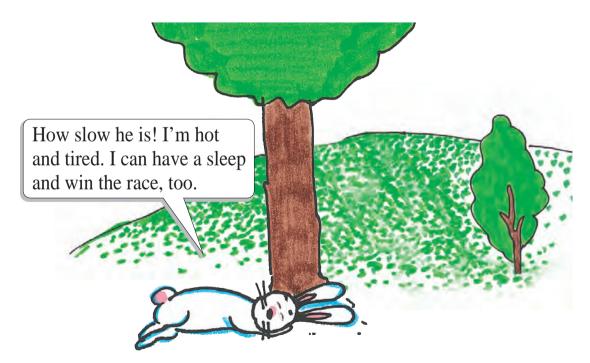
"I'm walking," said the tortoise.

"Your legs are too short, and you are so slow!" laughed the hare.

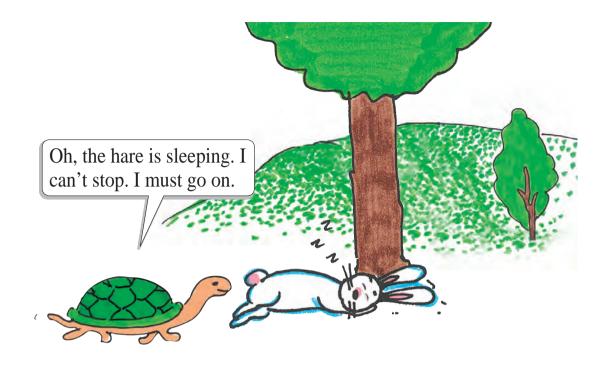
"You are wrong. I'm not slow, but I don't like to hurry," said the tortoise.



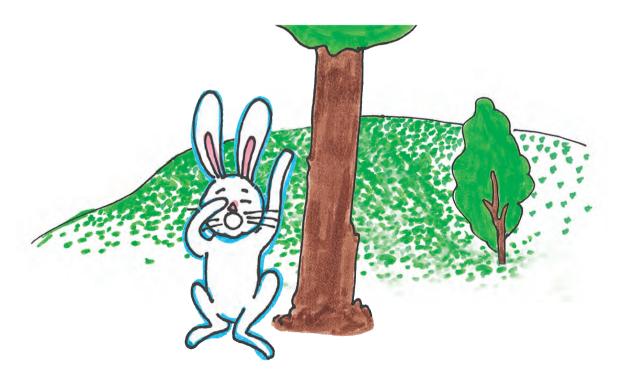
"Well, let's have a race," said the hare. "Let's see who can get to the lake first." "OK," said the tortoise. "I'm going to win!" said the hare, and he ran down the road.



The hare ran and ran. Soon he came to a tall tree. "Where is the tortoise? I can't see him. He is far behind me," he thought. Then he went to sleep under the tree.



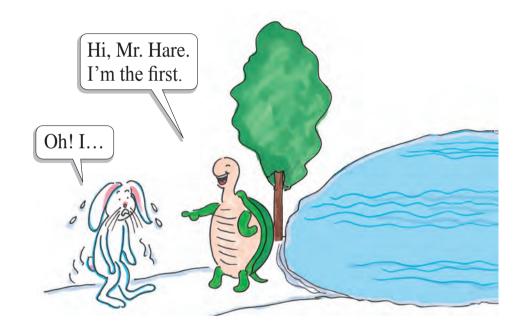
The tortoise walked and walked. After a long time, he came to the tall tree. He saw the hare. He was hot and tired, too. But he didn't stop.



The hare opened his eyes. "Ah! What a nice sleep! Where is the tortoise now? Oh, no! Did I sleep too long? I must hurry!"



The hare ran down the road to the lake. Soon he saw the lake.



The hare got to the lake. Then he saw the tortoise. The tortoise was there waiting for him. The tortoise laughed and said, "I win the race!"

tortoise 乌龟	hare 野兔	along 向前;来到
laugh 笑;发笑	hurry 匆忙	win 获胜,赢
thought 认为,以为	(think的过去式)	must 必须

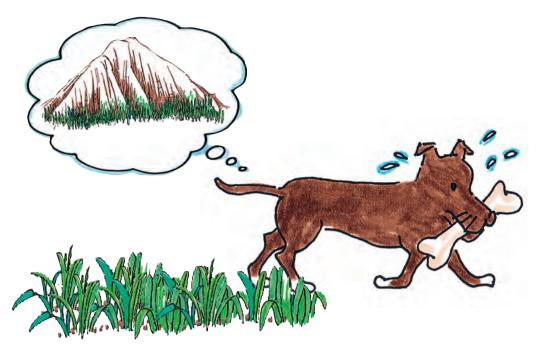
The Dog and the Bone



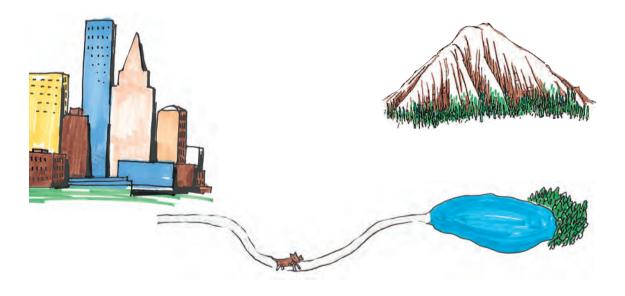
One day, a dog was taking a walk in the city park. He saw a bone in the grass. He was very happy.



The bone was very heavy, but the dog didn't want any help. Why? Because he didn't want his friends to eat any of the bone.



"I can carry the bone to the forest! It is far from the park. My friends can't find me there," he thought.



So the dog walked to the forest, carrying the heavy bone in his mouth. He carried the bone down a road.



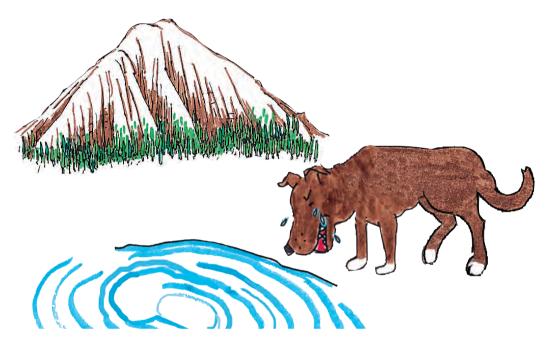
Then the dog saw a big lake. He looked in the water. In the water, he saw a dog. The dog had a very big bone.



"That bone is bigger than mine," thought the dog. "I want my bone and that bone, too." He looked at the dog in the water, and the dog in the water looked at him. "Give me your bone!" he barked at the dog in the water.



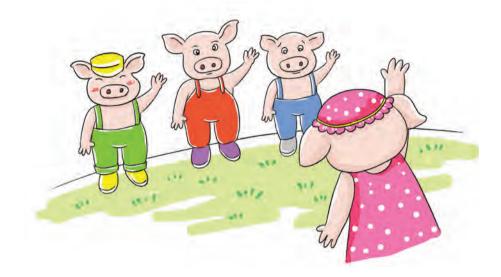
When he barked, his bone fell into the lake.



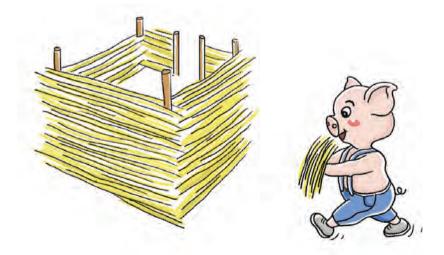
Now the dog didn't have two bones. He didn't have any bones! Did he learn a lesson? Yes! Be happy with the bone you have.

bone 骨头	heavy 重的	
carry 拿;运送	bark 吠叫	

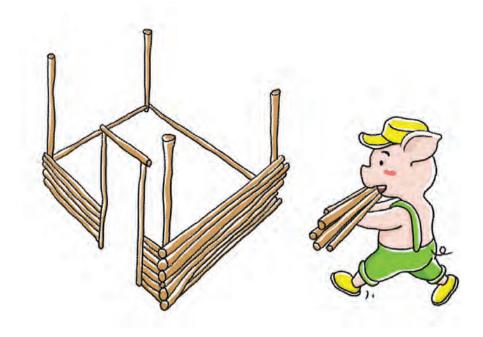
Three Little Pigs :



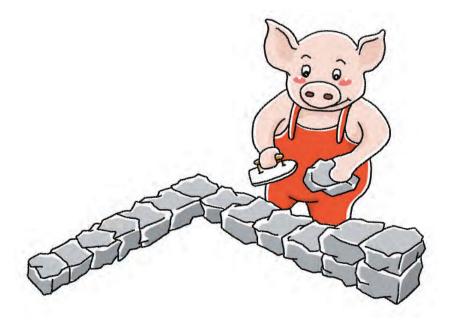
Long ago, there were three little pigs. When they grew up, they left home to build their own houses.



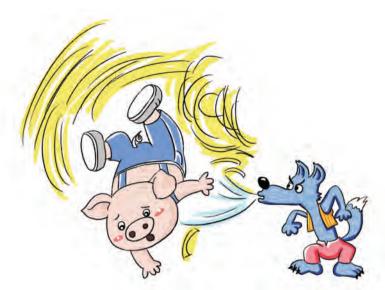
The first little pig built a house of hay. It was easy to make. It took him one day to build the house. Then he went to play.



The second little pig built a house of wood. It took him three days. He was very happy. He thought his house was nice.



The third little pig built a house of stone. It was hard. It took him three months to finish the house. He was tired but happy. The house was strong and beautiful.



One day, a bad wolf came. He was hungry – VERY hungry. He liked to eat little pigs. He came to the hay house. "Come out, little pig. I want to eat you!" roared the wolf. The first little pig locked the door. But the wolf blew the hay house down. The first little pig ran to the second pig's house.



The wolf ran after him to the house made of wood. "Come out, little pigs. I want to eat you!" roared the wolf. The two little pigs locked the door. But the big bad wolf blew and blew... and the wooden house fell down. The two little pigs ran to the third pig's home.



The bad wolf ran after them to the stone house. The three pigs hid inside the house. They were afraid. The wolf blew and blew. The stone house was very strong. He couldn't blow it down. Finally the wolf gave up and went away. The three little pigs were saved.

long ago 很久以前	grow up 长大	build 建造
hay 干草	wood 木头	finish 完成
roar 吼叫	blew 吹(<i>blow</i> 的过去式)lock 锁上	
wooden 木制的	hid 藏;躲避(hide的过去式)	
give up 放弃	save 救; 拯救	