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起点

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# Learning ENGLISH

配冀教版

英语

五年级  
下册



## 基本功训练

英语 五年级 下册  
(配冀教版)

河北教育出版社

河北教育出版社



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三年级  
起点

# 基本功训练

## 英语

(配冀教版)

### 五年级下册



Name (姓名) : \_\_\_\_\_

Class (班级) : \_\_\_\_\_

School (学校) : \_\_\_\_\_

河北教育出版社

# 说明

《基本功训练·英语》是冀教版《义务教育教科书·英语》（三年级起点）的配套用书。

本书设计了丰富多彩、新颖活泼、内容贴近学生实际生活的练习，包括听、说、读、写、画、唱、游戏等多种形式，有利于学生在轻松、有趣的活动中学习使用语言。

1. 同步课堂教学。严格遵照义务教育《英语课程标准》，配合教材进度，既可用作课堂同步练习，也可作为课后巩固训练。

2. 配有AB测试卷。结合各地测试标准设计练习，具有很强的针对性和实用性。

3. 版块设置科学。“学习导航”“基础训练”“能力提升”“知识辞典/点拨”等版块，覆盖听说读写等各个方面，点拨语言重点，难度螺旋上升，既注重知识又拓展思维。

4. 特色鲜明。每单元设置“故事阅读”和“单元小结”，精选故事，设计读前和读后活动，激发学生兴趣，提升自主学习能力。“单元小结”符合记忆规律，帮助学生形成学习策略，提高学习效率。

5. 题型活泼多样。题型丰富，语境自然，形式活泼，插图生动，趣味性强。

欢迎老师、同学们在使用过程中提出宝贵建议或意见，以利再版时修订。

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# Unit 1

## Going to Beijing

### Lesson ① I Am Excited!



#### 学习导航

我要掌握的词汇: run, sorry, jump, sing, dance, sit, down, stand, up

我会用的句型: Please don't jump! 请不要跳! Please sit down. 请坐下。I'm sorry. 对不起。That's okay. 没关系。



#### 基础训练

#### I. Listen and circle. 听音, 圈出你所听到的单词。

- |                |           |             |
|----------------|-----------|-------------|
| 1. A. Sunday   | B. Monday | C. Thursday |
| 2. A. train    | B. bus    | C. plane    |
| 3. A. tired    | B. happy  | C. excited  |
| 4. A. dance    | B. sing   | C. jump     |
| 5. A. stand up | B. put on | C. sit down |

#### II. Listen and choose. 听音, 选择正确答语。

- ( ) 1. A. It's hot today.                      B. It's Saturday.                      C. It's a fine day today.
- ( ) 2. A. Shanghai is a big city.                      B. Mr. Li will go to Shanghai.
- C. He will go to Shanghai tomorrow.





## Unit 1

( ) 3. A. Sam will go to Xi'an by train.

B. Sam will go to Xi'an in the evening.

C. Sam will have a trip to Xi'an.

( ) 4. A. You are wrong.

B. Don't say that.

C. That's okay.

( ) 5. A. Me, too!

B. What's the matter?

C. Are you okay?

### III. Read and match. 把这些短语和汉语意思搭配起来吧。

1. put on

A. 看电影

2. sit down

B. 站起来

3. stand up

C. 脱掉

4. take off

D. 散步

5. wait for

E. 穿上

6. watch a film

F. 等待

7. go for a walk

G. 坐下

### IV. Look and write. 根据图片和首字母写单词。

1. The girl is j\_\_\_\_\_.



2. The girl likes to s\_\_\_\_\_.



3. Please s\_\_\_\_\_ d\_\_\_\_\_.



4. They can d\_\_\_\_\_ well.



Please sit down. Please don't dance. 这些句子叫祈使句，通常用来向听话者发出命令，提出要求或建议，常以动词原形开头。“please”放在句末时，要用逗号与前面的内容隔开，如：Don't run, please. 你明白了吗？



### 能力提升

V. Choose the different one. 选出每组中不同类的单词。

- |                     |             |              |           |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| ( ) 1. A. morning   | B. evening  | C. afternoon | D. today  |
| ( ) 2. A. train     | B. run      | C. sing      | D. dance  |
| ( ) 3. A. sorry     | B. he       | C. I         | D. you    |
| ( ) 4. A. excited   | B. please   | C. happy     | D. sad    |
| ( ) 5. A. yesterday | B. tomorrow | C. today     | D. Monday |

VI. Look and write. 写出图片所表达的含义。



### 知识点拨

我们来看一看祈使句的否定形式吧。Don't swim in the river. 别在河里游泳。Don't be late. 别迟到。Please don't be noisy. 请不要大声喧哗。Please don't jump. 请不要跳。表示禁止时，尤其是标语可用“No + 动名词”来表示。No smoking. 禁止吸烟。No parking. 禁止停车。

# Lesson ② What Are You Doing?



## 学习导航

我要掌握的词汇：see, look, look out of, look at, boy, girl, now, draw, picture

我会用的句型：What are you doing now? 你在干什么？ I'm drawing a picture. 我在画画。



## 基础训练

I. Listen and tick or cross. 听音，判断图片和所听内容是 (√) 否 (×) 相符。

1.



2.



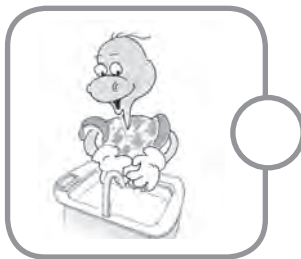
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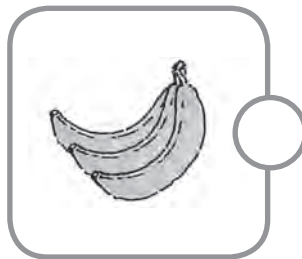
4.



5.



6.



II. Listen and fill in the blanks. 听音，填空。

I'm on the train to Beijing. I'm \_\_\_\_\_ the window.

I see many tall trees and houses. Some children are on the train with their parents.

What are they doing \_\_\_\_\_? Two \_\_\_\_\_ are playing cards. A girl is \_\_\_\_\_ . An old lady next to me is eating bananas.



### III. Look and write. 看图，根据范例写句子。



What is the boy doing?  
He is cleaning the floor.



What is the girl doing?

\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



out— in, tall— short, boy— girl, there— here, up—  
down, sit down— stand up 反义词或者对应词一起  
记，是不是很容易啊？



### 能力提升

### IV. Read and choose. 读一读，补全对话。

*Billy is on the train to Xi'an with Mum.*

**Mum:** What are you doing, Billy?

**Billy:** 1 \_\_\_\_\_

**Mum:** 2 \_\_\_\_\_

**Billy:** I see many cars and buses on the road. 3 \_\_\_\_\_

**Mum:** I'm reading the newspaper.

**Billy:** Look! I see some rice and fish.

**Mum:** 4 \_\_\_\_\_

**Billy:** Sorry, Mum.

**Mum:** 5 \_\_\_\_\_

**Billy:** Yes, please.

- A. Billy, please don't point.
- B. What are you doing, Mum?
- C. Would you like some fruit?
- D. What do you see?
- E. I'm looking out of the window.



## Unit 1

**V. Read and choose. 读短文，选择正确答案。**

Mr. White has a parrot. It looks very beautiful. Every day the bird flies in the room. Mr. White says, "What are you doing?" The bird doesn't answer, but only says, "What are you doing?" One day, Mr. White goes to the supermarket to buy food. A thief comes into the house. He is stealing many things from Mr. White's home. Then he is leaving. "What are you doing?" says the parrot. The thief hears it and throws off all the things and runs away.



- (     ) 1. The parrot is a \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. dog                                      B. bird
- (     ) 2. \_\_\_\_\_ sees the thief.  
A. Mr. White                                B. The parrot
- (     ) 3. What does the bird say to the thief?  
A. What are you doing?                  B. What's your name?
- (     ) 4. Why does the thief run away?  
A. He is afraid of the bird.  
B. He thinks someone is in the house.

parrot 鸚鵡  
thief 賊  
steal 偷  
hear 聽見  
throw off 扔掉



知识辞典

look 强调“看”的动作; see 表示“看到, 看见”, 强调“看”的结果; look at... 后跟要看的人或物; look out 意为“朝……外看”, 还表示“小心, 当心”。

look 看      ➡ Look! He's reading a book. 看! 他在读书。

see 看见      ➡ I see some bananas. 我看见一些香蕉。

look at 看…… ➡ Look at the blackboard. 看黑板。

look out 向外看; 小心, 当心

➡ Look out of the window. 向窗外看。

Look out! It's dangerous! 当心! 危险!

# Lesson ③ Who Is Singing?



## 学习导航

我要掌握的词汇: woman, baby, cry, talk, man, sleep

我要会用的句型: Who is talking? 谁在说话? Danny is talking. 丹尼在说话。 Are you singing? 你在唱歌吗? No, I'm not. 不, 我没在唱歌。



## 基础训练

### I. Listen and choose. 听音, 选出你所听到的单词。

- ( ) 1. A. what B. who C. where
- ( ) 2. A. talking B. saying C. jumping
- ( ) 3. A. boy B. baby C. brother
- ( ) 4. A. man B. woman C. mum
- ( ) 5. A. playing B. crying C. sleeping

### II. Listen and tick or cross. 听对话, 判断正(√) 误(×)。

- ( ) 1. The baby is crying.
- ( ) 2. The man is singing.
- ( ) 3. The woman is talking to a little girl.
- ( ) 4. The girl is sleeping now.
- ( ) 5. The woman is speaking to her baby.

### III. Look and write. 看图写单词。

1. This is a w\_\_\_\_\_.





# Unit 1

2. The baby is c\_\_\_\_\_.



3. The dog is s\_\_\_\_\_.



4. The two men are t\_\_\_\_\_.



5. The boy is d\_\_\_\_\_ a p\_\_\_\_\_.



## IV. Read and match. 把英语和汉语搭配起来。



1. Who is singing?



A. 你后面的女士



2. talk to...



B. 和……谈话



3. the woman behind you



C. 画画



4. The baby isn't crying.



D. 谁在唱歌?



5. draw a picture



E. 婴儿没有在哭。

the woman behind you 这个短语中 behind you 是修饰 the woman 的，指的是“你身后的那个女人”，再如：the man in front of you 你前面的那个男人；the boy on your left 你左边的男孩





## 能力提升

### V. Read and write. 选择恰当的疑问词完成对话。

What      How      Who      Where      Why

1. — \_\_\_\_\_ will you go to Beijing? — By train.
2. — \_\_\_\_\_ is your year? — My year is the year of the tiger.
3. — \_\_\_\_\_ is the hospital? — Go straight and turn left at the traffic lights.
4. — \_\_\_\_\_ do you like summer? — Because I like to swim in the sea.
5. — \_\_\_\_\_ is talking to your mother? — My aunt.

### VI. Look and tell true or false. 看图，判断句子是 (T) 否 (F) 正确。

- (     ) 1. A girl is crying.
- (     ) 2. Two women are talking.
- (     ) 3. The man is walking.
- (     ) 4. The boy is sleeping.
- (     ) 5. The girl in a dress  
is jumping.



## 知识辞典

### A Humour 小幽默

**Mother:** I left two pieces of cake in the cupboard this morning, Johnny. There is only one piece now. Can you explain that?

**Johnny:** Well, it was too dark inside. I didn't see the other.

妈妈：约翰尼，我今天早上在橱子里放了两块点心。现在就剩下一块了。  
你能解释一下吗？

约翰尼：嗯，橱子里面太黑，我没看到另外那块。

# Lesson ④ Who Is Hungry?



## 学习导航

我要掌握的词汇：who, hungry, water, tea, candy

我会用的句型：Who is hungry? 谁饿了? I'm hungry. 我饿了。Would you like some fruit? 你想吃些水果吗? Yes, please./ No, thanks. 好的。/ 不，谢谢。  
I like candy very much! 我非常喜欢糖果!



## 基础训练

I. Listen and tick. 听音，在相应的表格内打“√”。

	Dad	Mum	Lisa	Tommy
tea				
oranges				
bananas				
candy				

II. Listen and choose. 听音，选择正确答案。



( ) 1. A. Danny is hungry.

B. Danny is thirsty.



( ) 2. A. Yes, I am.

B. Yes, please.



( ) 3. A. He is sleeping.

B. He is behind me.



( ) 4. A. Kim is singing.

B. Kim would like some water.



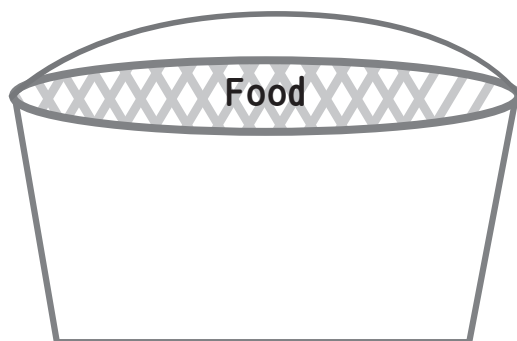
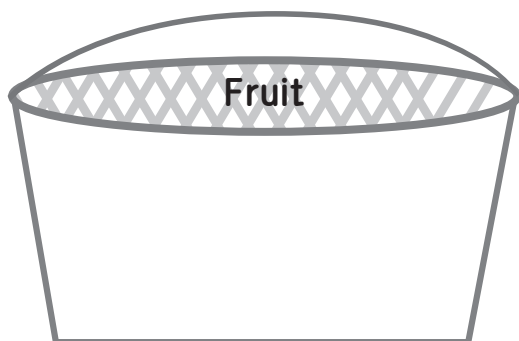
( ) 5. A. Yes, Jenny is tired.

B. No, Jenny is not talking.



III. Draw and write. 开动脑筋，画出你想吃的水果和食物，然后写句子。

What would you like?



I would like \_\_\_\_\_.

I \_\_\_\_\_.

Would you like some...? 句中的“would like”为固定短语，意为“想要”，此句为一般疑问句，意为“你想要……吗？”肯定回答一般用 Yes, please. 否定回答用 No, thanks.



IV. Read and group the words. 把下列单词分分类吧。

sleep tired excited dance stand girl cry woman man tea  
candy apple thirsty happy baby milk

jump	hungry	water	boy



### 能力提升

#### V. Fill in the blanks. 选词并用其正确形式填空。

- I'd like some milk and \_\_\_\_\_ apple.
- Would you like some \_\_\_\_\_?
- I'm \_\_\_\_\_. I'd like some bread.
- I'd like some candy. — Okay. \_\_\_\_\_ you are!

hungry    tea  
here    a

#### VI. Read and tell true or false. 读短文，判断正(T)误(F)。

A fox fell into a well. It was very deep, and he couldn't get out. A sheep went by. He asked the fox, "What are you doing in the well?" "Oh," said the fox. "I was thirsty, so I jumped down to get some water. Would you like some water? Why don't you come down, too?" The sheep believed his words, and jumped down into the well. But the fox jumped on the sheep's back quickly and got out of the well. "Good-bye, friend," said the fox. "Don't believe a man in difficulties."

- ( ) 1. The fox could get out of the well by himself (靠自己).
- ( ) 2. The fox jumped into the well to drink water.
- ( ) 3. The sheep jumped into the well to help the fox.
- ( ) 4. The fox got out of the well by jumping on the sheep's back.
- ( ) 5. The sheep couldn't get out of the well.

well 井  
deep 深的  
believe 相信  
back 背部  
in difficulties  
处于困境



### 知识辞典

#### 你知道吗?

"water" 是一个很常见的单词，我们所知道的意思是“水”。不过，在下面这些短语中，它可不能被简单地理解成“水”。

1. like water 大量地，无节制地

例如：He spends money like water. 他花钱如流水。

2. by water 乘船，走水路

例如：You can get there by water. 你可以乘船去那里。

3. bread and water 简单的饮食

例如：He lives on bread and water. 他靠粗茶淡饭度日。

4. make water(船)漏水

例如：We are making water fast. 我们的船漏水漏得很厉害。

# Lesson ⑤ What Are They Doing?



## 学习导航

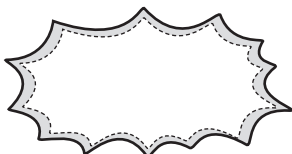
我会用的句型: What are they doing? 他们在做什么? They are playing cards. 他们在打扑克。 What is the woman doing? 这个女人在做什么? She is reading the newspaper. 她在读报纸。 May I play with the baby? 我可以和这个婴儿玩吗? Sure! 当然可以!



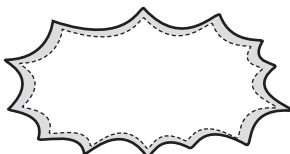
## 基础训练

I. Listen and write. 听音, 写出所听单词的反义词或者对应词。

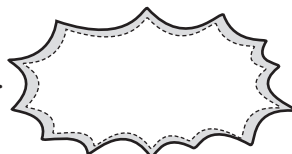
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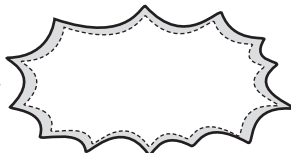
2.



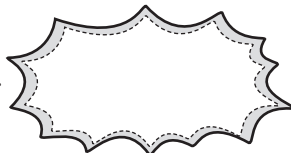
3.



4.



5.



II. Listen and tick or cross. 听音, 判断图片和所听内容是(√)否(×)相符。

1.



2.



3.



4.



5.



6.



III. Read and tick. 读一读，勾出正确的选项。

1. What 

are	
is	

 they doing?

2. I can't 

saw	
see	

 the baby.

3. They are 

having	
have	

 fun.

4. May 

me	
I	

 play with the baby?

5. Where is Danny? 

There	
That	

 he is.

IV. Read the words and tick or cross. 读下列单词，判断每组画线部分读音是 (✓) 否 (×) 相同。

- |                 |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
|-----------------|---|---------------|--|-----------------|--|-----------------|
| ( ) 1.          | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>run</td></tr></table>          | run           | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>hun<u>g</u>ry</td></tr></table> | hun <u>g</u> ry | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>ju<u>m</u>p</td></tr></table>   | ju <u>m</u> p   |
| run             |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| hun <u>g</u> ry |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| ju <u>m</u> p   |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| ( ) 2.          | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>stan<u>d</u></td></tr></table> | stan <u>d</u> | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>ba<u>b</u>y</td></tr></table>   | ba <u>b</u> y   | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>can<u>d</u>y</td></tr></table>  | can <u>d</u> y  |
| stan <u>d</u>   |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| ba <u>b</u> y   |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| can <u>d</u> y  |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| ( ) 3.          | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>dr<u>a</u>w</td></tr></table>  | dr <u>a</u> w | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>dr<u>i</u>nk</td></tr></table>  | dr <u>i</u> nk  | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>dr<u>i</u>ver</td></tr></table> | dr <u>i</u> ver |
| dr <u>a</u> w   |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| dr <u>i</u> nk  |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| dr <u>i</u> ver |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| ( ) 4.          | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>do<u>w</u>n</td></tr></table>  | do <u>w</u> n | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>no<u>w</u></td></tr></table>    | no <u>w</u>     | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>co<u>w</u></td></tr></table>    | co <u>w</u>     |
| do <u>w</u> n   |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| no <u>w</u>     |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| co <u>w</u>     |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| ( ) 5.          | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>kn<u>o</u>w</td></tr></table>  | kn <u>o</u> w | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>sh<u>o</u>w</td></tr></table>   | sh <u>o</u> w   | <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>sl<u>o</u>w</td></tr></table>   | sl <u>o</u> w   |
| kn <u>o</u> w   |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| sh <u>o</u> w   |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |
| sl <u>o</u> w   |   |               |  |                 |  |                 |

单词读音是有规律的，要善于发现规律，总结规律，利用规律，这样你就会发现记单词变得简单而有趣。





## 能力提升

### V. Read and write. 读一读，写出相应的问句或者答语。

1. — What are they doing? — \_\_\_\_\_
2. — \_\_\_\_\_ — She is reading a book.
3. — What is he doing? — \_\_\_\_\_
4. — \_\_\_\_\_ — Yes, you may.
5. — \_\_\_\_\_ — Danny is in the classroom.

I am doing... He/She/It is doing... We are doing... They are doing... You are doing... 这些搭配你都记清了吗?



### VI. Look and write. What are they doing? 看看他们在做什么，写一写吧。

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## 知识辞典

### 英国人爱“Tea”

在英国，人们工作、学习一段时间后，一般会停下来休息一刻钟左右，喝杯茶，吃点东西，这段时间叫“Tea Break”（茶休）。

“Tea Break”一天两次，分为“Morning Tea”（上午茶）和“Afternoon Tea”（下午茶）。上午茶一般在上午10点左右，下午茶一般在下午4、5点左右。

# Lesson ⑥ Danny Is Lost!



## 基础训练

### I. Listen and circle. 听音，圈出你所听到的单词。

- |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| 1. A. <input type="text" value="trip"/>    | B. <input type="text" value="travel"/> | C. <input type="text" value="plan"/>   |
| 2. A. <input type="text" value="beside"/>  | B. <input type="text" value="on"/>     | C. <input type="text" value="behind"/> |
| 3. A. <input type="text" value="looking"/> | B. <input type="text" value="eating"/> | C. <input type="text" value="buying"/> |
| 4. A. <input type="text" value="that"/>    | B. <input type="text" value="this"/>   | C. <input type="text" value="these"/>  |
| 5. A. <input type="text" value="stand"/>   | B. <input type="text" value="dance"/>  | C. <input type="text" value="jump"/>   |

### II. Listen and fill in the blanks. 听音，填空。

Jenny, Danny, Li Ming and Mrs. Li are \_\_\_\_\_ on a trip to Beijing. They \_\_\_\_\_ beside the train and say good-bye to Mr. Li. Jenny can't find Danny. Mr. Li \_\_\_\_\_ Danny at the train station. There is Danny! He is \_\_\_\_\_ fruit. Then Danny \_\_\_\_\_ to the train. Danny \_\_\_\_\_ on the train. Now he feels \_\_\_\_\_!

### III. Read and circle. 根据故事内容圈出正确的选项。

Mr. Li Mrs. Li drives to the train station. Li Ming gets the fruit tickets. They can't find Danny Jenny. Danny is buying books fruit. Mr. Li tells him the train is coming leaving. Danny jumps runs to the train. On the train, Danny feels thirsty hungry.



IV. Put the sentences in order. 根据故事内容排序。

- ☐ Mr. Li drives them to the train station.
- ☐ The train leaves.
- ☐ Mr. Li goes to look for Danny.
- ☐ Danny runs to the train.
- ☐ Li Ming gets the tickets.
- ☐ Mr. Li finds Danny.
- ☐ Jenny can't find Danny.

火车站台边缘处标有一条安全线，人必须站在安全线以外的位置候车。火车急速驶过车站时，安全线以内的空气流速增大，易发生安全事故。



能力提升

V. Fill in the blanks. 选词，并用其正确形式填空。

they go worry have buy

1. Mr. Li drives \_\_\_\_\_ to the train station.
2. "Don't \_\_\_\_\_," says Mr. Li.
3. They are \_\_\_\_\_ on a trip to Beijing.
4. "\_\_\_\_\_ a good trip!" he says.
5. Danny is \_\_\_\_\_ fruit.

## VI. Follow the directions. 按要求做题。

A boy and a girl catch a bird. 1\_\_\_\_\_ They put it in a cage. The cat sees the bird. He is very hungry and wants to have the bird for his lunch. 2\_\_\_\_\_ He looks at the cage every day. One day, the cat opens the cage and wants to eat the bird. 3\_\_\_\_\_ The cat jumps but he can't fly. The two children come back. They can't find the bird. 4\_\_\_\_\_ They think it is the cat. So they are very angry and put the cat into the cage.

**a. Match.** 把句子填回原文，使故事完整。

- |                                |                                 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| A. The bird flies away.        | B. Who eats the bird?           |
| C. The bird is very beautiful. | D. But he can't catch the bird. |

**b. Fill in the blanks.** 填空。

- The bird can \_\_\_\_\_ but the cat can't.
- The cat is \_\_\_\_\_ so he wants to eat the bird.
- One day, the cat \_\_\_\_\_ the cage.
- The two children think the \_\_\_\_\_ eats the bird.
- Now the \_\_\_\_\_ is in the cage.



### 知识辞典

#### 常见的 look 短语

- look at 朝……看 ➡ Please look at the blackboard. 请看黑板。
- look for 寻找 ➡ I'm looking for my pen. 我在寻找我的钢笔。
- look like 看起来像 ➡ She looks like her mother. 她看起来像她母亲。
- look up 抬头看；查找 ➡ Look up the word in the dictionary. 在词典中查找这个单词。
- look after 照顾；照看 ➡ Please look after the cat. 请照看这只猫。
- look around 四处环顾 ➡ We looked around, but didn't find any shops. 我们环顾四周，但是没发现任何商店。

# Again, Please!



## 自我检测

I. Listen, number and write. 听音，给图片标号并把单词写到横线上。



\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_

II. Listen and tell true or false. 听音，判断正(T)误(F)。

- (     ) 1. Mr. Black is going on a trip in China.
- (     ) 2. Mr. Black is on a bus.
- (     ) 3. A fat man is sleeping.
- (     ) 4. Mr. Black is reading a book.
- (     ) 5. The girl beside Mr. Black is drawing a panda.

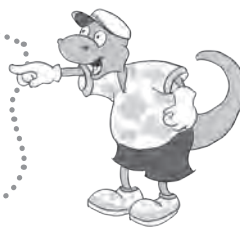
### III. Choose the correct answer. 选择正确答案。

- ( ) 1. Don't \_\_\_\_\_ in the classroom.  
A. eat                      B. eating                      C. drinking
- ( ) 2. — \_\_\_\_\_ are you looking at? — A bird.  
A. Why                      B. What                      C. Who
- ( ) 3. — What is Jenny doing? — She is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. song                      B. sing                      C. singing
- ( ) 4. — \_\_\_\_\_ is crying? — The baby is crying.  
A. Where                      B. Who                      C. What
- ( ) 5. — Are you \_\_\_\_\_? — Yes, I'd like some bread.  
A. hungry                      B. thirsty                      C. excited

### IV. Read and circle. 读单词，圈出和每组画线部分读音相同的单词。

1. run up jump                      → Sunday                      pupil
2. tea leaf meat                      → great                      teacher
3. cat uncle picture                      → cinema                      cry
4. candy stand have                      → water                      man
5. which where what                      → why                      who

wh 字母组合在 where, why, what, which 等单词中读 /w/, 而在 who, whom, whose, whole 等单词中读 /h/, 注意区分哦。



### V. Fill in the blanks. 用画线单词的对应词填空。

1. Please don't stand up. Please \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The woman is sleeping. The \_\_\_\_\_ is talking.
3. The boy likes candy. The \_\_\_\_\_ likes fruit.
4. — Are you thirsty? — No, I'm \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The boy is behind Jenny. Jenny is \_\_\_\_\_ him.

VI. Look and circle. 看图，圈出相应的句子。



- A. They are talking.  
B. They are eating.



- A. These women are dancing.  
B. These men are jumping.



- A. The baby is crying.  
B. The baby is sleeping.



- A. The girl is singing.  
B. The girl is running.

VII. Read and write. 根据要求写句子。



1. \_\_\_\_\_ (写出图标的含义)

2. What are you doing now? (写出答句)

\_\_\_\_\_

3. Jenny is singing. (对画线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_

4. The man behind me is playing cards. (翻译成汉语)

\_\_\_\_\_



5. Would you like some fruit? ( 给出否定回答 )

\_\_\_\_\_

VIII. Look and write. What are they doing? 看看图中的人们都在做些什么? 写一写吧。



\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



知识辞典

Try to Read

Sally is singing when she is sewing.  
See the sheep weep and sleep.  
Don't cry when you fly, and don't ask why.  
Who knows what, where, when and why?





读前想一想

1. Would you like to speak at a meeting?

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Do you often have a good idea?

\_\_\_\_\_

3. Do you know the saying "Easier said than done"?

\_\_\_\_\_



## Who Can Tie the Bell?

It's Saturday morning. A farmer is going to take some flowers to the town. Some mice go inside his truck. Why? Because they also want to go to the town. A young mouse is very excited. He wants to jump. He wants to sing. He wants to dance. The old mouse says to him, "Be quiet, please! Don't jump. Don't sing. Don't dance." "Oh, I'm sorry."



What are they doing now? They are looking out of the window of the truck. What do they see? There are so many cars and buses on the street. Some boys and girls are playing in the park. They see fruit and vegetables. They see rice and meat, too. Oh, it's a wonderful world.



The truck arrives at a house and stops. The farmer gets the flowers off the truck. At this time, the mice run into the house quickly. No one sees them. They hide behind the door. A woman is sleeping with a baby in the bedroom. The mice are very hungry. They jump onto the table in the kitchen and eat happily. They make their home in the kitchen. They live a happy life.



It's sunny today. "What would you like to eat, Uncle Tom?" asks the young mouse. "I'd like some milk," answers the old mouse. So the young mouse goes to take milk for the old mouse. "Ouch!" The young mouse runs back to their hole. He is hurt! Why? Because a cat comes into the kitchen.

The mice are sad now. Their happy life ends. They are afraid of the cat. They stay in their hole every day. How can they get food? They have a meeting. “I have an idea,” says the young mouse. “Let’s tie a bell to the cat. When he comes, we can run away.” “Great!” Everyone thinks it is a good idea. “But who is going to tie a bell to the cat?” asks the old mouse. No one answers.



### 读后做一做

Tell true or false. 判断正 (T) 误 (F)。

- (     ) 1. The mice go to the town in a truck on Sunday.
- (     ) 2. The mice are sleeping on the way to the town.
- (     ) 3. The mice live a happy life in the kitchen.
- (     ) 4. One day, a cat bites one of the mice.
- (     ) 5. The mice want to tie a bell to the cat.
- (     ) 6. All the mice are afraid to tie the bell to the cat.

Easier said than done. 是一句谚语，意为“说起来容易做起来难”，上面这个故事是不是正好说明了这个道理呢？所以，一个想法或者一项计划必须考虑是否能够落实。



## 单元小结

### 1. 词汇和短语

动词: run, jump, sing, dance, sit, stand, see, look, draw, cry, talk, sleep

名词: boy, girl, picture, woman, baby, man, water, tea, candy

形容词: hungry

副词: down, up, now

疑问代词: who

短语: arrive at, sit down, stand up, look out of, look at, draw a picture, sing a song, talk to, look for, would like

### 2. 常用句型

#### ● 祈使句 ●

Stand up, please! 请站起来!

Let's go for a walk. 让我们去散步吧。

No smoking! 禁止吸烟!

#### ● 询问正在做什么 ●

— What are you doing? 你 / 你们在做什么?

— I'm/ We're drawing pictures. 我 / 我们在画画。

— What are they doing? 他们在做什么? — They are playing football. 他们在踢足球。

— What is he/ she doing? 他 / 她在做什么? — He/ She is flying a kite. 他 / 她在放风筝。

— Who is singing? 谁在唱歌? — Tom is singing. 汤姆在唱歌。

#### ● 询问对方是否想要某物 ●

— Would you like some fruit? 你想要一些水果吗?

— Yes, please./ No, thanks. 好的, 麻烦了。/ 不, 谢谢。

### 3. 单词重音

英语单词中含有不同数目的音节, 所以读起来有轻有重。一般每个单词中都有一个音节是重读的, 叫作重读音节, 其他的不重读的音节叫作非重读音节, 例如 'chicken, 'doctor, 'subject 等。但是有的多音节词除了一个重读音节外还会有一个次重读音节, 例如 thir'teen, Chi'nese 等。



#### 小检测

快来看看哪些是祈使句, 圈出来吧。

The boy is tired. Please don't jump. I want to sing. Let's dance. I'm sitting down. No swimming. I see a banana. Who is singing? Be early, please! He is dancing.

# Unit 2 In Beijing

## Lesson ⑦ Arriving in Beijing



### 学习导航

我要掌握的词汇: people, many, child, women, men

我会用的句型: They are on their way to the hotel. 他们在去宾馆的路上。

Some children are playing football. 一些孩子在踢足球。



### 基础训练

#### I. Listen and circle. 听音, 圈出你所听到的单词。

1. A. afternoon      B. morning      C. evening
2. A. my      B. many      C. much
3. A. may      B. say      C. way
4. A. woman      B. women      C. men
5. A. children      B. cold      C. child

#### II. Listen and choose. 听音, 选择正确答语。

- (    ) 1. A. At 3:20 in the afternoon.      B. At 2:30 in the afternoon.
- (    ) 2. A. To the hospital.      B. To the hotel.
- (    ) 3. A. They are playing games.      B. They are playing football.
- (    ) 4. A. Yes, there are.      B. No, there aren't.
- (    ) 5. A. They are walking.      B. They are talking.

### III. Read and circle. 读一读，把每组中不同类的词圈出来。

- |              |          |             |
|--------------|----------|-------------|
| 1. A. arrive | B. sing  | C. people   |
| 2. A. child  | B. women | C. men      |
| 3. A. many   | B. much  | C. football |
| 4. A. way    | B. hotel | C. park     |
| 5. A. in     | B. old   | C. on       |



### 能力提升

### IV. Think and write. 根据变化规律，写单词。

- fly—flying → run— \_\_\_\_\_ dance— \_\_\_\_\_
- woman—women → child— \_\_\_\_\_ man— \_\_\_\_\_
- do—did → talk— \_\_\_\_\_ listen— \_\_\_\_\_

### V. Write sentences. 根据范例写句子。

A child is reading. → Many children are reading.

1. A woman is singing.

→ Many \_\_\_\_\_.

2. A man is running.

→ \_\_\_\_\_.

3. A girl is dancing.

→ \_\_\_\_\_.



woman—women, man—men, child—children, foot—feet 这些名词变复数属于不规则变化，你们记清楚了吗？



**VI. Choose the correct answer. 选择正确答案。**

- (     ) 1. They are on their way \_\_\_\_\_ the hotel.  
A. in                      B. to                      C. at
- (     ) 2. There \_\_\_\_\_ many people in the park.  
A. is                      B. will                      C. are
- (     ) 3. That young woman is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. dance                B. dancing                C. danced
- (     ) 4. \_\_\_\_\_ children are flying kites.  
A. This                      B. These                      C. That
- (     ) 5. They arrive in Beijing \_\_\_\_\_ 1:17 \_\_\_\_\_ the afternoon.  
A. at; in                      B. at; on                      C. in; in

**VII. Read and tell true or false. 阅读短文，判断正(T) 误(F)。**

There are many beaches in Hong Kong. Many people go there to swim. You can see many women, men and children there. You can swim there, but remember: 1. Don't swim alone. 2. Don't swim after a meal. Don't swim when you are hungry or tired. 3. Don't stay in the water for a long time.

Do you know the meaning of the flags? A red flag: Anyone can't swim here. A blue flag: Children can't swim here.

alone 单独  
meaning 意义

- (     ) 1. Many people go to the beaches in Hong Kong to swim.
- (     ) 2. You can swim alone.
- (     ) 3. You can swim in the water if ( 假如 ) you are tired.
- (     ) 4. Staying too long in the water is dangerous ( 危险的 ).
- (     ) 5. A child can swim in the red flag water.



**知识点拨**

你还记得可数名词变复数的规则吗？

名词单数变复数，直接加 -s 占多数；-s, -x, -ch, -sh 来结尾，直接加上 -es；

词尾是 -f 或 -fe，加 -s 之前先变 ve；辅音加 -y 在词尾，把 y 变 i 再加 -es；

词尾字母若是 -o，常用三个已足够；要加 -es 请记好，hero, tomato, potato。

# Lesson ⑧ Tian'anmen Square



## 学习导航

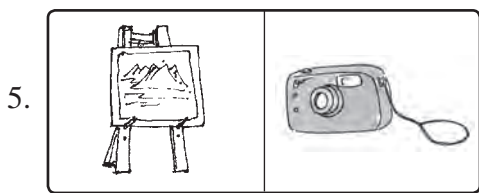
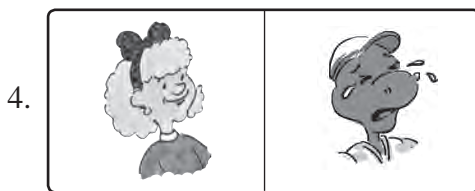
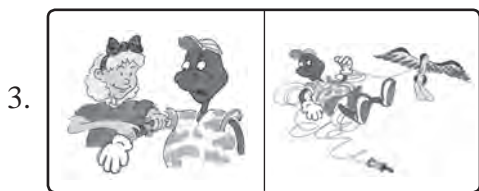
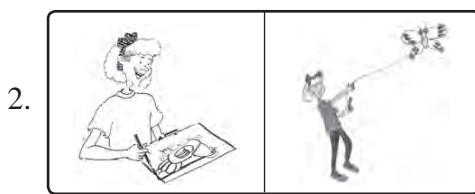
我要掌握的词汇: say, help, worry, sad

我会用的句型: Are you okay? 你还好吧? No! I hurt my arm! 不! 我伤了胳膊! Don't worry. 不要担心。I can help you. 我可以帮你。



## 基础训练

I. Listen and circle. 听音, 圈出正确的图片。



II. Listen and fill in the blanks. 听音, 填空。

There are \_\_\_\_\_ at the square. Some are taking \_\_\_\_\_.

Some are \_\_\_\_\_ kites. Danny flies a kite, too. But he hurts his arm. "Don't \_\_\_\_\_," says Jenny. Jenny \_\_\_\_\_ Danny.

### III. Read and match. 读一读，把英语和汉语搭配起来。



1. Tian'anmen Square



2. take pictures



3. Don't worry.



4. fly a kite



5. many people

A. 不要担心。



B. 放风筝



C. 天安门广场



D. 很多人



E. 照相



Don't worry. 意为“不要担心。”是常用来安慰对方或回答道歉的句子。例如：Don't worry. I can help you. 不要担心。我能帮助你。— I'm sorry. I forgot to bring the book. 对不起，我忘了带那本书。— Don't worry. 别放在心上。



### 能力提升

### IV. Complete the dialogue. 完成对话。

Cindy and Tommy are on Tian'anmen Square.

**Cindy:** There are so many people on the square.

**Tommy:** Look! 1\_\_\_\_\_

**Cindy:** Let's fly a kite.

**Tommy:** That's difficult.

**Cindy:** 2\_\_\_\_\_ I can teach you.

**Tommy:** Help! Help!

**Cindy:** Are you okay?

**Tommy:** 3\_\_\_\_\_

**Cindy:** Don't worry. 4\_\_\_\_\_

**Tommy:** Thanks.

A. Let me help you.

B. No, that's easy.

C. Some men are flying kites.

D. No, I hurt my leg.

**V. Look and tick or cross.** 看图，判断对 (√) 错 (×)。

- (     ) 1. There are two buses.
- (     ) 2. Two men are jumping.
- (     ) 3. Two women are taking pictures.
- (     ) 4. The girls are talking.


**VI. Read and tell true or false.** 阅读短文，判断正 (T) 误 (F)。

One night, Mr. White came home late. He looked for the key to the door, but he couldn't find it. His key was lost! He was sad. He knocked at the door, then the window. He wanted his wife to hear him, but she didn't wake up. Then he had an idea. He spoke like a baby. "Mum, please help me. Open the door for me. I want to go to the toilet," said Mr. White. He spoke in a low voice, but Mrs. White woke up at once and opened the door.

- (     ) 1. Mr. White came home in the afternoon.
- (     ) 2. Mr. White lost his key to his home.
- (     ) 3. Mrs. White was sleeping at home.
- (     ) 4. Mr. White likes to speak like a baby.
- (     ) 5. Mrs. White may be ( 可能是 ) a good mum.

knock at... 敲……

wake up 醒来

like... 像……

in a low voice 低声地

at once 立即


**知识辞典**

天安门广场 (Tian'anmen Square)，位于北京市中心，地处中国北京东城区东长安街，北起天安门，南至正阳门，东起中国国家博物馆，西至人民大会堂，可容纳 100 万人举行盛大集会。地面全部由经过特殊工艺技术处理的浅色花岗岩条石铺成。广场中央矗立着人民英雄纪念碑和庄严肃穆的毛主席纪念堂，天安门两边是劳动人民文化宫和中山公园，与天安门浑然一体，共同构成天安门广场。



### III. Fill in the blanks according to the given Chinese. 根据中文提示, 完成下列句子。

1. — May I \_\_\_\_\_? (给你照相)  
— Sure!
2. — Help! I hurt my leg!  
— \_\_\_\_\_! (别担心) I can \_\_\_\_\_. (帮助你)
3. It's \_\_\_\_\_ (天气晴朗的) today. The sky is \_\_\_\_\_. (蓝色的)
4. — How old is the Palace Museum?  
— It's \_\_\_\_\_. (大约 600 年)

### IV. Match the pictures with the sentences. 把句子和图片匹配起来。



- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="radio"/> Danny is taking a picture.           | <input type="radio"/> Flying a kite is easy for Jenny. |
| <input type="radio"/> They are looking in the window.      | <input type="radio"/> Danny can't fly his kite high.   |
| <input type="radio"/> Jenny is helping Danny with his arm. | <input type="radio"/> Danny is falling.                |



### 能力提升

### V. Write sentences. 写出问句或者答语。

1. — What are you doing? — \_\_\_\_\_.
2. — \_\_\_\_\_? — He is ten years old.

3. — \_\_\_\_\_?

— No, I hurt my arm.

4. — \_\_\_\_\_?

— I see some chairs and tables.

询问名胜古迹有多少年的历史，可以用 “How old is...” ，回答用 “It’s + 基数词 + years old.” 。



## VI. Read and tell true or false. 阅读短文，判断正 (T) 误 (F)。

A rich man has a vase. It's about 500 years old. It's beautiful and valuable. He wants his study to have the same colour with the vase. Some painters come to work for him, but they can't make the right colour. Finally, a painter comes. He says he can make the right colour. The rich man is very happy with his work and the painter becomes famous. Many years later, “Dad, how did you match the walls to that vase so well?” asks his son. “I painted the vase,” answers the painter.



- (     ) 1. The vase is very old.
- (     ) 2. The rich man doesn't like the vase.
- (     ) 3. It's difficult to make the right colour.
- (     ) 4. The painter painted the vase.
- (     ) 5. The rich man didn't know the truth ( 真相 ).

vase 花瓶  
valuable 有价值的  
study 书房  
paint 油漆；描绘  
painter 油漆工  
match 匹配



### 知识辞典

“Be careful!” 相当于 “Look out!” 它们都属于祈使句，意为 “当心”。祈使句是表示命令、请求、建议等意义的句子，常以动词原形开头，句子中省略主语。例如：Look out! There comes the bus. 当心！公交车来了。Be careful. Don't touch the hot water. 当心。不要碰热水。



# Lesson 10 The Great Wall



## 学习导航

我要掌握的词汇: feel, tired, stop, wait, afraid

我会用的句型: How long is it? 它有多长? (It's) About 6000 kilometres.  
(它) 大约有 6000 千米长。Don't be afraid. 不要害怕。









## 基础训练

**I. Listen and choose.** 听音, 选出你所听到的单词或短语。

- |        |            |          |           |
|--------|------------|----------|-----------|
| ( ) 1. | A. Great   | B. great | C. green  |
| ( ) 2. | A. 3000    | B. 2000  | C. 1000   |
| ( ) 3. | A. long    | B. old   | C. many   |
| ( ) 4. | A. way     | B. wait  | C. may    |
| ( ) 5. | A. excited | B. tired | C. afraid |

**II. Listen and number.** 听音, 给下列句子排序。

-  How old is it?
-  Let's look in the window.
-  Don't be afraid. I can help you.
-  How long is the Great Wall?
-  Danny feels tired and hungry.
-  There are too many cars and buses.



### III. Write the words. 按要求写单词。

1. difficult \_\_\_\_\_ (反义词)
2. bus \_\_\_\_\_ (复数)
3. 长城 \_\_\_\_\_ (写出英语)
4. tired and hungry \_\_\_\_\_ (写出汉语)
5. 在去宾馆的路上 \_\_\_\_\_ (写出英语)
6. Don't be afraid. \_\_\_\_\_ (写出汉语)

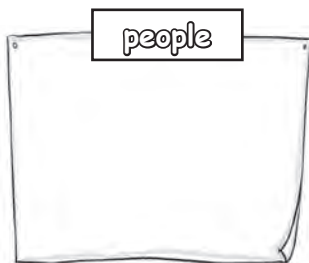
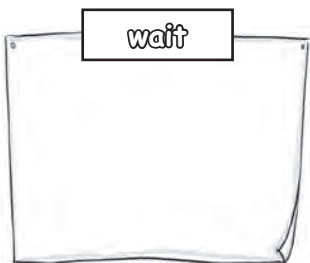
“on the/one's way to...” 意为“在去……的路上”，way 前面可以用 the 或者物主代词，to 为介词，表示方向。例如：  
He is on the/ his way to the library. 他在去图书馆的路上。



### 能力提升

### IV. Read and group the words. 给单词归类。

afraid women tired excited men stop feel children say



### V. Read and circle. 读一读，圈出正确选项。

1. How old (is/ are) the Great Wall?
2. There are many cars and (bus/ buses) on the street.
3. We (need/ can) to take a bus.
4. They are (on/ in) their way to the hotel.
5. (Go!/ Stop!) The light is red.
6. Don't (be/ 不填) afraid. I can help you.

## VI. Read and choose. 根据情境选择合适的选项。

- ( ) 1. 你想问长城有多久的历史，你会说：  
 A. How long is the Great Wall?      B. How old is the Great Wall?
- ( ) 2. 在旅行的路上，你又累又饿，你会说：  
 A. I'm tired and hungry.      B. I'm excited and hungry.
- ( ) 3. 你想提醒过马路的朋友当心车辆，你会说：  
 A. Be careful!      B. Help! Help!
- ( ) 4. 你想给朋友照张相，你会问：  
 A. May I take your picture?      B. Can you take a picture of me?
- ( ) 5. 你安慰朋友别害怕，你会帮助她，你可以说：  
 A. Don't be afraid. I can help you.      B. Don't worry. That's difficult.

## VII. Write about the Great Wall. 你去过长城吗？向外国小朋友介绍一下我国的长城吧。

### The Great Wall

The Great Wall is famous in the world. Many people come to visit it.

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### 知识辞典

#### 鸟巢 (Bird's Nest)

国家体育场是 2008 年北京奥运会的主体育场，造型独特，被称为“鸟巢”。奥运会期间在鸟巢举行了奥运会的开幕式和闭幕式以及田径、足球等比赛项目。鸟巢的形态如同孕育生命的“巢”，更像一个摇篮，寄托着人类对未来的希望。



# Lesson 11 Shopping in Beijing



## 学习导航

我要掌握的词汇: for, busy

我会用的句型: Jenny buys a scarf for her mother, some tea for her father, a kite for her sister and a cap for her brother. 詹妮给妈妈买了一条围巾, 给爸爸买了一些茶, 给妹妹买了一只风筝, 给哥哥买了一顶帽子。What time is it? 几点了? It's 2:30. 两点三十分。



## 基础训练

I. Listen and number. 听音, 根据听到的顺序给相应的短语翻译排序。



请停下来!



感到疲惫



一只大熊猫



当心!



在北京购物



害怕

II. Listen and choose. 听音, 选择正确答语。

( ) 1. A. They are shopping on Wangfujing Street.

B. They are on Wangfujing Street.

( ) 2. A. He buys a T-shirt for his father.

B. Yes, she buys a T-shirt.

( ) 3. A. It's Sunday today.

B. It's half past six.

( ) 4. A. Let's take a walk.

B. Don't worry. I can help you.

( ) 5. A. He is in the shop.

B. He is busy.

### III. Read and write. 读一读，发现规律，然后写出相同发音规则的词。

1. feel tree bee → \_\_\_\_\_
2. worry does some → \_\_\_\_\_
3. take lake late → \_\_\_\_\_

### IV. Write the words. 按要求写单词。

1. have \_\_\_\_\_ (第三人称单数)
2. happy \_\_\_\_\_ (反义词)
3. by \_\_\_\_\_ (同音词)
4. feel \_\_\_\_\_ (过去式)
5. young \_\_\_\_\_ (反义词)
6. five \_\_\_\_\_ (序数词)
7. bee \_\_\_\_\_ (同音词)
8. car \_\_\_\_\_ (前后各加一个字母变为一个新词)

你发现了吗？s 和 f 中间放一辆小汽车 car 就变成了围巾 scarf，这样记单词是不是很有趣？你还知道哪些巧记单词的方法？



### 能力提升

### V. Read and fill in the blanks. 根据课文内容和提示填空。

Danny, Jenny, Li Ming and Mrs. Li are s\_\_\_\_\_ on Wangfujing Street. Danny is so b\_\_\_\_\_. He looks in fifteen s\_\_\_\_\_. Mrs. Li, Li Ming and Jenny sit d\_\_\_\_\_ and wait f\_\_\_\_\_ Danny. Danny comes back with a big p\_\_\_\_\_. But his tail hurts. He c\_\_\_\_\_ walk to the hotel with the panda. Mrs. Li h\_\_\_\_\_ him. She is very k\_\_\_\_\_.

### VI. Choose the correct answer. 选择正确答案。

- ( ) 1. I want to buy gifts \_\_\_\_\_ my family.

A. to

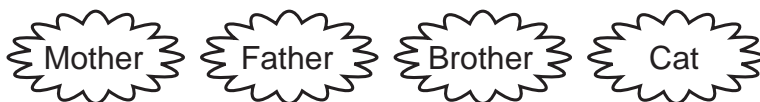
B. for

C. on

- ( ) 2. — \_\_\_\_\_ is it? — It's 2:30.  
 A. What time                      B. How much                      C. What day
- ( ) 3. He \_\_\_\_\_ in fifteen shops.  
 A. look                              B. watch                              C. looks
- ( ) 4. Danny's tail hurts, \_\_\_\_\_ he loves shopping.  
 A. or                                  B. so                                  C. but
- ( ) 5. It's about five \_\_\_\_\_ years old.  
 A. hundred                          B. hundreds                          C. hundreds of

**VII. Read, circle and match.** 读短文，把 **Cindy** 买的礼物圈出来，然后和礼物的主人连线。

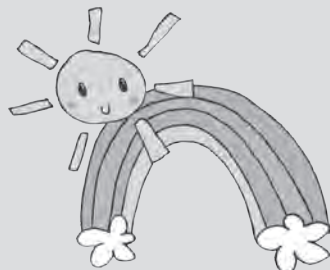
Today is Sunday. Cindy is shopping on the street. She loves shopping. She wants to buy some gifts for her family. She is busy looking in the shops. She wants to buy her mother a sweater, but it is too big. So she buys a scarf for her mother. She buys a cap for her father. Does she buy a cap for her brother? No, she buys him a toy car. She also buys a ball for her little cat.



**知识辞典**

你知道下面这些关于颜色的俚语吗？

1. He is green. 他是个新手。
2. You're in the pink. 你气色很好。
3. This month we're in the red. 这个月我们亏损了。
4. That's a white lie. 那是一个善意的谎言。



# Lesson 12 A Visit to the Great Wall


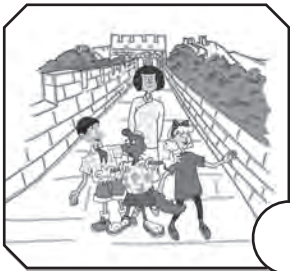
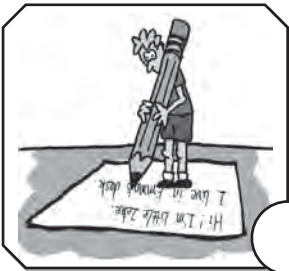





## 基础训练

### I. Listen and circle. 听音，圈出你所听到的句子。

1. A. Some women are singing. B. Some children are singing.
2. A. Don't cry. I can help you. B. Don't worry. I can help you.
3. A. I see some desks and chairs. B. I see some tables and chairs.
4. A. There are too many cars. Please stop!  
B. There are too many buses. Please wait!
5. A. I want to buy a scarf for my mother.  
B. I want to buy a cap for my father.

### II. Listen and tick or cross. 听音，判断图片和听到的内容是 (√) 否 (×) 相符。

1.  ☐
2.  ☐
3.  ☐
4.  ☐
5.  ☐
6.  ☐



### III. Read and match. 读一读，把英语和汉语搭配起来。



Ten-Thousand Li Great Wall

最古老的部分



the oldest part

超过



more than

趣事



go on

万里长城



interesting things

保持整洁美丽



keep... clean and beautiful

继续



“oldest”是形容词“old”的最高级形式，形容词一般在词尾加 est 就构成最高级，表示“最……”，例如：He is the tallest in our class. 他是我们班上最高的。



### 能力提升

### IV. Fill in the blanks. 选词并用其正确形式填空。

a they take or year

- Let me \_\_\_\_\_ your picture.
- Don't draw \_\_\_\_\_ write on the wall.
- They are on \_\_\_\_\_ way to the hotel.
- The oldest part of the Great Wall is more than 2000 \_\_\_\_\_ old.
- What \_\_\_\_\_ wonderful place to visit.

### V. Read and write. 按要求写句子。

- The Great Wall is about 2000 years old. (对画线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_

2. He who doesn't go to the Great Wall is not a true man. ( 翻译成汉语 )

---

3. What are they doing? (walk) ( 根据提示词回答 )

---

4. keep, clean, it, let's, and, beautiful (.) ( 连词成句 )

---

5. What time is it? ( 根据实际情况回答 )

---

**VI. Read the story again and tell true or false. 读课文中的故事, 判断正 (T) 误 (F)。**

- (     ) 1. Li Ming tells Danny and Jenny about the Great Wall.
- (     ) 2. Danny knows the famous Chinese saying.
- (     ) 3. Danny wants to write on the Great Wall.
- (     ) 4. Jenny tells Danny not to write on the Wall.
- (     ) 5. Jenny thinks the Great Wall is a wonderful place.

**VII. Writing. 假期里, 你和父母登上了长城, 描述一下长城上的人们都在干什么?**

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**知识点拨**

这一单元我们学习了很多特殊的名词复数, 下面我们以口诀的形式来记一下吧!

名词复数加 s, 特殊多多须记死:

s, x, sh, ch 后加 es, a 变 e, oo 变 ee。

man 和 woman a 变 e, foot, tooth oo 变 ee。

人们 (people) 爱吃鱼 (fish) 和羊 (sheep), 单数复数都一样。

婴儿 (baby) 爱吃鲜草莓 (strawberry), 变 y 为 i 加 es。

child 后加 ren, 特殊复数我来分。

# Again, Please!



## 自我检测

I. Listen and circle. 听音，圈出你所听到的单词。

- |    |         |           |         |
|----|---------|-----------|---------|
| 1. | people  | ping-pong | picture |
| 2. | man     | men       | women   |
| 3. | make    | take      | cake    |
| 4. | worry   | cry       | afraid  |
| 5. | mad     | tired     | sad     |
| 6. | waiting | making    | taking  |

II. Listen and tell true or false. 听音，判断正(T)误(F)。



1. David lives in the U.K.



2. David loves to go on trips.



3. David will take pictures on the Great Wall.



4. David is on the Great Wall now.



5. David feels very tired now.

### III. Fill in the blanks. 根据所给情境，用恰当的英语单词填空。

今天是周日，妈妈要带贝贝去（长城）1\_\_\_\_\_。贝贝非常兴奋，他又（唱）2\_\_\_\_\_又（跳）3\_\_\_\_\_。不一会儿，贝贝（感到累了）4\_\_\_\_\_。现在妈妈和贝贝（在等）5\_\_\_\_\_公共汽车。

### IV. Read and circle. 读一读，按要求圈词。

1. 圈出下面语句中的形容词。

On the way back to the hotel, Danny feels tired and hungry. He wants to eat in the restaurant. He runs to the restaurant, but he is afraid of the cars and buses.

2. 圈出下面语句中的现在分词。

Look at my family. My father is watching TV. My mother is singing a song. I'm doing my homework. Where is my little cat? She is sleeping on my shoes.

3. 圈出下面语句中的名词复数。

Oh, so many people are on the square. Some women are dancing. Some old men are doing Tai Chi. Some children are playing games.

“people”作“人”讲时，是集合名词，表示复数概念。说“一个人”时，不用“people”。当表示两个以上的人时，可用“people”。如：twenty people 二十个人



V. Look and match. 看一看，快来连线帮助解决左边的的问题吧。

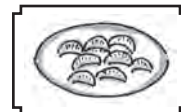
Hungry

Thirsty

Tired

Hurt

Hot



VI. Read and write. 英汉互译。

1. 画画 \_\_\_\_\_

2. arrive in Beijing \_\_\_\_\_

3. 不要担心。 \_\_\_\_\_

4. far from \_\_\_\_\_

5. 感到伤心 \_\_\_\_\_

6. Don't be afraid. \_\_\_\_\_

7. Be careful. \_\_\_\_\_

8. Please wait. \_\_\_\_\_

VII. What do you know about them? 你对我国的名胜了解多少呢？完成下面的句子。

1. Tian'anmen Square is in \_\_\_\_\_ (城市).

2. The Palace Museum is \_\_\_\_\_ (颜色).

3. The Palace Museum is \_\_\_\_\_ (年龄).

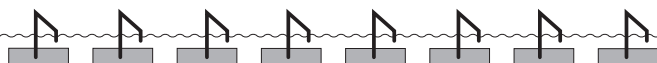
4. The Great Wall is \_\_\_\_\_ (年龄).

5. The Great Wall is \_\_\_\_\_ kilometres long.

6. He who does not go to the Great Wall is not a true man.

汉语译文为： \_\_\_\_\_

VIII. What are they doing? 看看同学们都在做什么，写一写吧。




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### 知识辞典

常与现在进行时连用的时间状语有 now, at the moment (此时) 等, 另外, 以 Look 或 Listen 开头的句子也常用现在进行时。例如:

They are having breakfast now. 他们现在正在吃早餐。

Listen! Who is singing over there? 听! 谁在那里唱歌呢?

Look! Those boys are playing football. 看! 那些男孩在踢足球。

读前想一想

1. Do you wish ( 希望 ) to be a king?

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Do you want to be happy or rich?

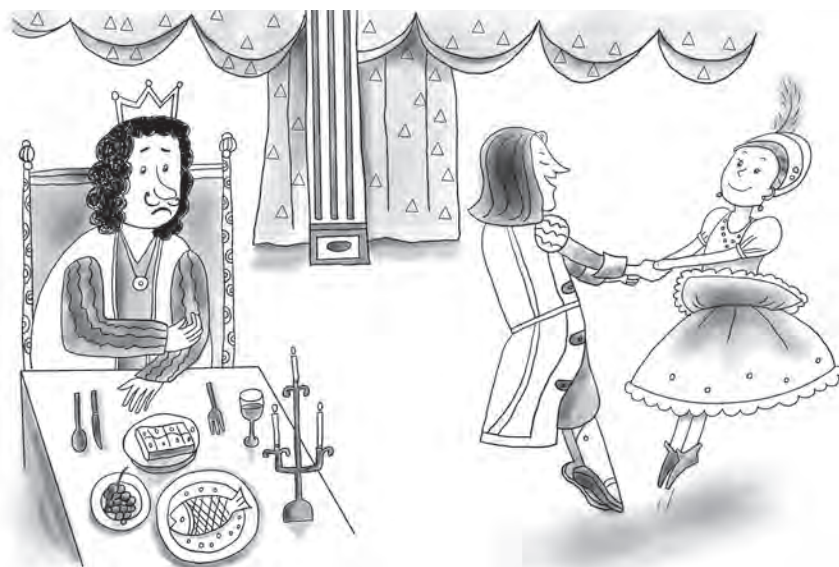
\_\_\_\_\_

3. Do you want to live on ( 靠……生存 ) your parents or yourself?

\_\_\_\_\_



## The King and the Bird



A king lives in a beautiful palace. There is much gold in this palace. He is very rich. Many men and women are busy working for him every day.

On a sunny day, the king will go fishing in the pool. On a rainy day, the king will stay at the palace and have a party. Many people sing and dance for him. There is much food on the table.

The king has many beautiful clothes. He changes clothes every day. He has big gardens. He can see colourful flowers.



The king's life is so easy, but he doesn't feel happy at all. He thinks the life isn't interesting. "Is there anything new in my life?"



One morning, a bird comes to stop at the window and sings a nice song. The king is so happy to see the bird. The song is so wonderful. The king asks his people to catch the bird and put it in a cage.

But the bird closes its mouth and doesn't sing any more. The king asks his people to make a gold cage for the bird. The cage looks very beautiful. But the bird still doesn't sing.



The king gives the bird the best food. He also asks his people to dance for the bird. The bird still doesn't sing. The king becomes angry. He opens the cage and throws the bird out of the window. The bird sings again! It sings so beautifully!



The king thinks and thinks. He knows what to do. The king gives the big palace and all his gold to the people in his palace. Then he puts some clothes in a bag and leaves the golden palace. The king feels so happy that he sings a song happily.

### 读后做一做

Tell true or false. 判断正 (T) 误 (F)。

- (     ) 1. The king lives an easy( 安逸的 ) life.
- (     ) 2. The king is not happy because his life is not interesting.
- (     ) 3. The bird likes to live in the gold cage.
- (     ) 4. The king kills( 杀死 ) the bird.
- (     ) 5. The king goes to look for his new life.

同学们，你们认为什么是真正的快乐？拥有乐观、积极的心态和健康的身体，做自己喜欢的事情，努力奋斗获得成功，是不是很开心？



## 单元小结

### 1. 词汇和短语

动词: say, help, worry, take, be, feel, stop, wait

名词: people, child, women, men

形容词: sad, tired, afraid, busy, easy, difficult, many

介词: for

短语: arrive in, on the/one's way to, fly a kite, play football, in the park,  
on the square, in the afternoon, do Tai Chi, take a picture, feel tired,  
take a bus, sit down, how long

### 2. 常用句型

#### ● There be 句型 ●

There are many people in the park. 公园里有很多人。

There is a table in the room. 房间里有一张桌子。

#### ● 询问某物的长度 ●

How long is the Great Wall? 长城有多长?

It's about 6000 kilometres long. 大约 6000 千米长。

#### ● 询问某物的历史 ●

How old is the Palace Museum? 故宫有多少年的历史?

It's about 600 years old. 大约 600 年的历史。

#### ● 询问时间 ●

What time is it? 几点了? It's 2:30. 两点三十分。

#### ● 请求许可 ●

May I take your picture? 我可以给你拍照吗? Sure. 当然可以。

#### ● 询问状况 ●

Are you okay? 你还好吗?

Yes, I'm okay./ No, my arm hurts. 是的, 我很好。/ 不, 我的胳膊疼。

#### ● 常用表达 ●

Help! 救命! Don't worry. 不要担心。Be careful! 当心!

Don't be afraid. 不要害怕。



### 小检测

圈出文中表示感觉的形容词。

It's Sunday today. I go to the zoo with my parents. I'm very excited. We walk to the bus stop. The weather is windy. I feel very cool. At the zoo, I see many lovely animals. I'm so happy. I run. I jump. Then I feel hungry and thirsty. My parents take me to the restaurant.



## Listening Materials

### Lesson 1

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. It's Monday morning. 2. Danny runs to the train. 3. I'm excited! 4. I want to dance. 5. Please sit down.

#### II. Listen and choose.

1. What day is today? 2. Who will go to Shanghai? 3. How will Sam go to Xi'an? 4. I'm sorry. 5. I'm excited!

### Lesson 2

#### I. Listen and tick or cross.

1. I see many tall trees. 2. These girls are singing. 3. Jenny is looking out of the window. 4. The boy is drawing a picture. 5. Danny is making the bed. 6. Danny sees some bananas.

#### II. Listen and fill in the blanks.

I'm on the train to Beijing. I'm looking out of the window. I see many tall trees and houses. Some children are on the train with their parents. What are they doing now? Two boys are playing cards. A girl is drawing a picture. An old lady next to me is eating bananas.

### Lesson 3

#### I. Listen and choose.

1. Who is singing? 2. Danny is talking. 3. The baby is crying. 4. Who is that man behind you? 5. The baby is sleeping now.

#### II. Listen and tick or cross.

1. M: Who is crying? W: The baby is crying.  
2. M: Are you singing? W: No, the girl behind you is singing.  
3. M: Who are you talking to? W: I'm talking to a little boy.  
4. M: What is the girl doing now? W: She is sleeping now.  
5. M: Is the woman singing to her baby? W: Yes, the baby is tired.

### Lesson 4

#### I. Listen and tick.

Mum: Would you like some fruit, Lisa?  
Lisa: Yes, I'd like some bananas, Mum.

Mum: Would you like some bananas, Tommy?

Tommy: No, thanks, Mum. I'd like some candy. What would you like, Mum?

Mum: I'd like some oranges and your father would like some tea.

#### II. Listen and choose.

1. Who is hungry? 2. Would you like some tea? 3. What is the baby doing now? 4. Who is singing? 5. Is Jenny talking to her mum?

### Lesson 5

#### I. Listen and write.

1. sit down 2. boy 3. man 4. thirsty 5. drink

#### II. Listen and tick or cross.

1. What is he doing? He is reading the newspaper.  
2. What are they doing? They are playing cards.  
3. What is she doing? She is sleeping.  
4. What is she doing? She is drawing a picture.  
5. What are they doing? They are dancing.  
6. What is he doing? He is jumping.

### Lesson 6

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. They are going on a trip to Beijing. 2. They stand beside the train. 3. Danny is buying fruit. 4. Do you like these bananas or those bananas? 5. Danny jumps on the train.

#### II. Listen and fill in the blanks.

Jenny, Danny, Li Ming and Mrs. Li are going on a trip to Beijing. They stand beside the train and say good-bye to Mr. Li. Jenny can't find Danny. Mr. Li looks for Danny at the train station. There is Danny! He is buying fruit. Then Danny runs to the train. Danny jumps on the train. Now he feels hungry!

Again, Please!

#### I. Listen, number and write.

1. candy 2. woman 3. man 4. picture 5. sing 6. sleep 7. water 8. baby

#### II. Listen and tell true or false.

Mr. Black is on a trip to Shanghai. There are many people on the train. Two women are talking. A fat man is sleeping. Four children are playing cards. What is Mr. Black doing? He



is reading the newspaper. A girl beside him is drawing a picture. She is drawing a lovely panda.

### Lesson 7

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. They arrive in Shijiazhuang in the afternoon.  
2. There are many people in the park. 3. They are on their way to the hotel. 4. What are these women doing? 5. That child is flying a kite.

#### II. Listen and choose.

1. They arrive in Shanghai at 3:20 in the afternoon. When do they arrive in Shanghai?  
2. They are on their way to the hotel. Where are they going?  
3. Some children are playing games in the park. What are the children doing in the park?  
4. There are many women in the bus. Are there many women in the bus?  
5. Those old men are walking in the park. What are those old men doing?

### Lesson 8

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. These children are singing. 2. Jenny is flying a kite. 3. Jenny helps Danny. 4. Danny is sad. 5. He is taking a picture.

#### II. Listen and fill in the blanks.

There are many people at the square. Some are taking pictures. Some are flying kites. Danny flies a kite, too. But he hurts his arm. "Don't worry," says Jenny. Jenny helps Danny.

### Lesson 9

#### I. Listen and choose.

1. — How's the weather today? — It's cool and windy.  
2. — What are they doing? — They are visiting the Palace Museum.  
3. — How old is this table? — It's about one hundred years.  
4. — What do you see? — I see some old books.  
5. — May I take your picture? — Sure.

#### II. Listen and fill in the blanks.

I see many people on Tian'anmen Square. The women are dancing. The children are jumping. A boy is taking a picture of his mother. They are so happy.

### Lesson 10

#### I. Listen and choose.

1. They are on the Great Wall. 2. It's about 2000 years old. 3. How long is it? 4. They are on their way to the hotel. 5. Don't be afraid.

#### II. Listen and number.

1. There are too many cars and buses.  
2. Let's look in the window.  
3. How long is the Great Wall?  
4. Danny feels tired and hungry.  
5. How old is it?  
6. Don't be afraid. I can help you.

### Lesson 11

#### I. Listen and number.

1. a big panda 2. shopping in Beijing 3. Please stop! 4. be afraid 5. feel tired 6. Be careful!

#### II. Listen and choose.

1. What are they doing? 2. What does Li Ming buy for his father? 3. What time is it? 4. Oh, I hurt my ear. 5. Where is Danny?

### Lesson 12

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. Some women are singing.  
2. Don't worry. I can help you.  
3. I see some desks and chairs.  
4. There are too many buses. Please wait!  
5. I want to buy a cap for my father.

#### II. Listen and tick or cross.

1. Danny hurt his tail. He felt sad. 2. They are visiting the Great Wall. 3. He is singing. 4. They are waiting for Danny. 5. Danny is walking. He is afraid. 6. The boy is standing. He is excited.

### Again, Please!

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. There are many people in the park. 2. Some old men are doing Tai Chi. 3. May I take your picture? 4. Don't worry. I can help you. 5. He hurt his leg. He was very sad. 6. Look! They are waiting for the bus.

#### II. Listen and tell true or false.

David lives in London. He loves travelling. He wants to visit the Great Wall. He wants to take pictures on the Great Wall. He will come to China this Sunday. He feels very excited now, because the Great Wall is a wonderful place.



### Lesson 13

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. A postcard has a picture on it. 2. We write a letter on paper. 3. We write an email with a pen. 4. We send an email on the computer. 5. We can't write on a postcard. 6. We can buy a postcard at the shop.

#### II. Listen and choose.

1. Where do you write an email? 2. Is there a picture on a postcard? 3. How much is the postcard? 4. May I see that postcard? 5. Who do you want to send this postcard to?

### Lesson 14

#### I. Listen and choose.

1. What are you writing? 2. Where do you write a letter? 3. Where do you put the address on a postcard? 4. Is there a picture on a postcard? 5. Who do you want to send a postcard to?

#### II. Listen and fill in the blanks.

Lily wants to send a postcard to her parents. She writes, "Dear mum and dad, I'm now in Xi'an. I'm fine. This city is great. There are many places of interest. I miss you." She puts these words on the left. She puts the address on the right. Then she puts the stamp on it.

### Lesson 15

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. You can buy stamps at a post office. 2. You can ask a policeman for help. 3. You can't send a postcard at the post office. 4. You don't need to look at the traffic lights on your way. 5. Teachers work at the post office. 6. You need to buy stamps to send an email.

#### II. Listen and choose.

1. Excuse me. Where is the post office? 2. How much are the stamps? 3. Do you need stamps? 4. What are you doing? 5. What is Danny doing?

### Lesson 16

#### I. Listen and order.

A postcard is slow. An email is fast. Let's send an email. Good idea. I want to send an email to my father. We can use that computer.

#### II. Listen and fill in the blanks.

Danny thinks a postcard is slow. He says an

email is fast. And it doesn't need stamps. They think it is a good idea. They find a computer in the room. So they use it to write an email. Do you know how to write an email? First write the address and who you send to. Don't forget to write your name at the end.

### Lesson 17

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. How's the weather in China? 2. There's much snow here. 3. What a great trip! 4. I'm coming home on February 18. 5. Don't forget to write to us.

#### II. Listen and write.

1. he 2. I 3. we 4. they 5. it 6. she

### Lesson 18

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. They are sending an email. 2. Let's go to the library to read books. 3. It's one o'clock in the morning. 4. Who is sending us an email? 5. Is that answer wrong?

#### II. Listen and choose.

1. What are they doing? 2. Where does Emma live? 3. Who is sending us an email? 4. Where does Little Zeke sleep? 5. Can you write an email?

Again, Please!

#### I. Listen and number.

1. I want to send an email to my cousin. 2. I want to write a letter to my friend. 3. How much is this postcard? 4. I want to take a picture with this camera. 5. May I use the phone? 6. I need a stamp.

#### II. Listen and fill in the blanks.

1. I write with my right hand. 2. This word is wrong. 3. Our English teacher is very kind. 4. This is a good idea. 5. Can I send an email on this computer? 6. We speak Chinese in China.



### Lesson 19

#### I. Listen and match.

At 7:00 in the morning, Danny had breakfast.  
At 7:30 in the morning, Li Ming went to school.  
Jenny learned English yesterday. Kim called Miss Zhang last week. At 5:00 in the afternoon, Steven wrote a story. Mr. Wood watched a film last night.

#### II. Listen and circle.

1. Let's listen to Li Ming's story.
2. Did you have a good trip?
3. What did you do yesterday?
4. I watched a film last night.
5. I often walk to school.

### Lesson 20

#### I. Listen and match.

1. She walked to school.
2. I talk to my aunt on the phone.
3. I play football with my friend.
4. He waters the flowers.
5. I ate noodles.
6. I bought a scarf.

#### II. Listen and choose.

1. What did you do yesterday?
2. What do you often do on Sunday?
3. Did you eat dumplings this morning?
4. Do you often play ping-pong?
5. Was Danny ill last week?

### Lesson 21

#### I. Listen and number.

It was Saturday yesterday. At 8:00, I had breakfast. Then I went to the zoo by bus. I got to the zoo at 10:00. I watched the animals. Then I went to the book shop and bought some books. In the afternoon, I did my homework. Then I played with my dog. It was a happy Saturday.

#### II. Listen and tick or cross.

1. He was seven years old last year.
2. He was sad this morning.
3. We were in Canada last week.
4. We went there by bus.
5. He hurt his tail last Sunday.

### Lesson 22

#### I. Listen and match.

Dad comes back from Hangzhou. He bought gifts for us. Let's have a look. He bought a cap for me, but it's too big. It's good for my brother. What's for my brother? A blue T-shirt. He bought a green dress for my mum. It looks very nice.

#### II. Listen and choose.

1. I bought gifts for you in Beijing. Where are the

gifts from?

2. This kite is for you, Lucas. What's Lucas' gift?
3. The T-shirt is too small for me. Is the T-shirt too small?
4. Jenny bought the ball yesterday. When did she buy the ball?
5. Oliver went to the Great Wall last Sunday. Did Oliver go to the Great Wall last Sunday?

### Lesson 23

#### I. Listen and number.

What did you do? I walked to school. What did you do? I went to the zoo. What did you do? I watched a kangaroo. What did you do? I ate the donuts, too.

#### II. Listen and choose.

1. What happened?
2. Who wrote this email?
3. Where is Danny?
4. Did you buy a toy panda?
5. Does she often walk to school?

### Lesson 24

#### I. Listen and tick or cross.

1. Little Zeke is on the desk.
2. Mrs. Jones gives a book to Emma.
3. Little Zeke is singing on the desk.
4. Little Zeke has a gift, too.
5. Little Zeke is sleeping on a little bed.

#### II. Listen and circle.

1. Where does Little Zeke live?
2. Is Tess Little Zeke's friend?
3. Does Little Zeke talk to Mrs. Jones?
4. What's the gift for Little Zeke?
5. Does Little Zeke like the gift?

Again, Please!

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. What did you do yesterday?
2. I bought some food yesterday.
3. Did you go shopping the third day?
4. Please write back soon.
5. Where were you yesterday?
6. Lily ate an apple last evening.

#### II. Listen and match.

1. Jenny washed her clothes.
2. We played a game.
3. She is listening to music.
4. He is reading a book.
5. I bought a kite.
6. They play ping-pong.
7. We watched TV.
8. She walks to school.



Unit 1 (A 卷)

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	总分
得分												

★ Listening Part 听力部分 (30 分) ★

I. Listen and circle. 听音，圈出你听到的单词。(5 分)

- A. woman                      B. boy                      C. girl
- A. cow                      B. now                      C. down
- A. milk                      B. water                      C. tea
- A. playing                      B. swimming                      C. walking
- A. stand up                      B. look at                      C. sit down

II. Listen and choose. 听句子，选出与所听内容相符的一项。(5 分)

- (     ) 1. A. Jenny and Danny come to China today.  
                     B. Jenny and Danny go to Canada today.
- (     ) 2. A. What would you like to drink?                      B. What would you like to eat?
- (     ) 3. A. Sam is looking out of the window.  
                     B. Sam is not looking out of the window.
- (     ) 4. A. The baby is crying.                      B. The baby is sleeping.
- (     ) 5. A. Who is hungry?                      B. Who is thirsty?

III. Listen and order. 听句子，给图片排序。(有一个多余选项) (10 分)



1. ○ → 2. ○ → 3. ○ → 4. ○ → 5. ○

IV. Listen and fill in the blanks. 听短文，填空。(10 分)

It's a fine day. Li Ming and his f\_\_\_\_\_ are in the park. Li Ming is s\_\_\_\_\_ under a tree. He is d\_\_\_\_\_ some juice. His mother is reading the newspaper. His cousin Jing is playing with a cat. His father and uncle are playing c\_\_\_\_\_. They're h\_\_\_\_\_ fun.

★ Writing Part 笔试部分 (70 分) ★

V. Look and write the words. 根据图片写单词，补全句子。(10 分)

- Lily likes to draw a \_\_\_\_\_.
- I'm thirsty. I want to drink some \_\_\_\_\_.
- I \_\_\_\_\_ many tall trees.
- This is a clothes shop. He is \_\_\_\_\_ beside the clothes.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ behind you is our English teacher.

VI. Fill in the blanks. 用所给单词的适当形式填空。(10 分)

- What \_\_\_\_\_ (be) he doing?
- Would you like some \_\_\_\_\_ (banana)?
- My mother is singing. She \_\_\_\_\_ (like) English songs.
- I am \_\_\_\_\_ (sit) down here.
- I'd like \_\_\_\_\_ (a) apple, please.
- I'm excited! I want to \_\_\_\_\_ (jump).
- The man \_\_\_\_\_ (not) reading a book. He is watching TV.
- Danny often \_\_\_\_\_ (walk) to school.
- Now the baby is \_\_\_\_\_ (cry). He is tired.
- The man behind \_\_\_\_\_ (I) is playing cards with his friends.

VII. Choose the correct answer. 选择正确答案。(10 分)

- (     ) 1. The girl is \_\_\_\_\_ a picture now.  
                     A. writing                      B. write                      C. drawing                      D. draw
- (     ) 2. — What are they \_\_\_\_\_? — They're talking.  
                     A. do                      B. does                      C. doing                      D. to do
- (     ) 3. Class begins. Please \_\_\_\_\_ down.  
                     A. sit                      B. sits                      C. sitting                      D. is sitting
- (     ) 4. What \_\_\_\_\_ you doing?  
                     A. is                      B. am                      C. are                      D. be

- ( ) 5. I'm thirsty. I want to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. eat                  B. drink                  C. water                  D. food
- ( ) 6. Look! The woman is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. dances              B. dancing              C. to dance              D. dance
- ( ) 7. — Who \_\_\_\_\_ singing? — A woman. She is singing to her baby.  
A. am                  B. is                  C. are                  D. /
- ( ) 8. — Would you like some rice?  
— \_\_\_\_\_. I'm hungry now.  
A. No, thanks.                  B. Yes, please.  
C. Yes, I like.                  D. No, I don't like.
- ( ) 9. — Is Lynn reading a book? — \_\_\_\_\_. She is drawing a picture now.  
A. Yes, she is.                  B. No, she isn't.  
C. Yes, she does.                  D. No, she doesn't.
- ( ) 10. — Who is talking?  
— Jim is talking. He is talking to the man behind \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. you                  B. your                  C. he                  D. his

**VIII. Read and match.** 读一读，把问答句搭配起来。（5分）

- |                             |                               |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Please don't jump.       | A. No, he isn't.              |
| 2. What are they doing?     | B. The baby is crying.        |
| 3. Who is crying?           | C. They are eating ice cream. |
| 4. Is Tom watching TV?      | D. Yes, please.               |
| 5. Would you like some tea? | E. Okay, I'm sorry.           |

**IX. Put the words in order.** 连词成句。（10分）

1. the, boy, is, what, doing, now (?) \_\_\_\_\_
2. like, candy, I, very, much (.) \_\_\_\_\_
3. playing, I, with, the, dog, am, not (.) \_\_\_\_\_
4. behind, me, man, the, talking, is (.) \_\_\_\_\_
5. Jenny, looking, is, what, at (?) \_\_\_\_\_

**X. Follow the directions.** 按要求做题。（15分）

Many people are waiting for the train at the train station. Some are reading the newspaper and some are saying goodbye to their friends.

Mr. Wood, Mr. Green and Mr. Li are talking. They are very happy, but they don't know the train is going to leave. An old man says to them, "Hurry up! The train

is going to leave." They run to the train. Two of them jump onto the train quickly before it moves. Mr. Wood is late. He looks very sad. The old man says to him, "Don't be sad. The next train will come in ten minutes." "I know," Mr. Wood says, "It is my train. My friends only come to say goodbye to me."

**a. Tell true or false.** 判断正（T）误（F）。（5分）

- ( ) 1. Mr. Wood, Mr. Li and Mr. Green are working at the station.
- ( ) 2. An old woman tells them the train is leaving.
- ( ) 3. Mr. Wood jumps onto the train.
- ( ) 4. Mr. Green and Mr. Li are Mr. Wood's friends.
- ( ) 5. Mr. Green and Mr. Li needn't jump onto the train.

**b. Choose the correct answer.** 选择正确答案。（10分）

- ( ) 1. \_\_\_\_\_ people are waiting for the train.  
A. Three                  B. Many                  C. Two
- ( ) 2. This story happens \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. at the bus stop                  B. at the airport                  C. at the train station
- ( ) 3. Mr. Wood, Mr. Li and Mr. Green are \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. eating                  B. talking                  C. playing
- ( ) 4. \_\_\_\_\_ needs to jump onto this train.  
A. Mr. Li                  B. The old man                  C. Mr. Wood
- ( ) 5. The old man is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. kind                  B. excited                  C. bad

**XI. Writing.** 短文写作。（10分）

和爸爸妈妈一起乘火车去旅行是一件高兴的事情。你在火车上会看到什么呢？乘客在做什么？用现在进行时描述火车上的情况，题目自拟。

参考词汇：playing, reading, looking, talking, thirsty, hungry, happy

Unit 1 (B 卷)

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	总分
得分												

★ Listening Part 听力部分 (30 分) ★

I. Listen and choose. 听音，选出你听到的单词。(5 分)

- (     ) 1. A. apple            B. egg                    C. table
- (     ) 2. A. food              B. find                   C. would
- (     ) 3. A. can                B. candy                C. juice
- (     ) 4. A. talking          B. listening            C. walking
- (     ) 5. A. on                B. for                    C. to

II. Listen and circle. 听句子，圈出与所听内容相符的图片。(5 分)

1. 


2. 


3. 


4. 


5. 

15 元

25 元

III. Listen and choose. 听对话，选出与所听内容相符的答语。(10 分)

- (     ) 1. What is the baby doing now?  
 A. The baby is crying now.      B. The baby is sleeping now.
- (     ) 2. Is Jenny singing?  
 A. Yes, she is.                      B. No, she isn't.
- (     ) 3. Is Jim hungry?  
 A. Yes, he is.                        B. No, he isn't.
- (     ) 4. What is Jenny doing?  
 A. She is reading a book.        B. She is drawing a picture.
- (     ) 5. What would Etta like to eat?  
 A. Candy.                            B. Donuts.

IV. Listen and tell true or false. 听短文，判断句子与所听内容是 (T) 否 (F) 一致。(10 分)

- (     ) 1. It's 10:00 in the morning.
- (     ) 2. Students are on the playground now.
- (     ) 3. Jim is looking at the blackboard.
- (     ) 4. Steven is listening to the teacher.
- (     ) 5. They all like to draw pictures.

★ Writing Part 笔试部分 (70 分) ★

V. Choose the different words. 选出每组中不同类的单词。(5 分)

- (     ) 1. A. man                B. boy                    C. woman            D. brother
- (     ) 2. A. dance                B. down                C. jump               D. sit
- (     ) 3. A. milk                B. water                C. drink               D. tea
- (     ) 4. A. book                B. picture               C. photo               D. draw
- (     ) 5. A. tired                B. sleep                C. hungry             D. thirsty

VI. Match and write. 将图片和词义连起来，并将单词写在横线上。(15 分)

1. 

to be on a chair

\_\_\_\_\_

2. 

You are sad or hurt.

\_\_\_\_\_

3. 

delicious food made from sugar or chocolate

\_\_\_\_\_

4. 


to say something to someone


\_\_\_\_\_


5. 


You are on the bed and close your eyes at night.


\_\_\_\_\_

A. 

B. 

C. 

D. 

E. 

VII. Choose the correct answer. 选择正确答案。（10 分）


- ( ) 1. Look! They're \_\_\_\_\_ together.  
A. have fun                      B. having fun                      C. have a fun
- ( ) 2. — Listen. \_\_\_\_\_ Jenny \_\_\_\_\_? — No. She isn't.  
A. Is; crying                      B. Is; cry                      C. Does; crying
- ( ) 3. The baby is sleeping. Please \_\_\_\_\_ sing, Danny.  
A. do                      B. don't                      C. doesn't
- ( ) 4. — Would you like some candy? — \_\_\_\_\_ I like candy very much.  
A. Yes, please.                      B. No, thanks.                      C. Sorry.
- ( ) 5. I am \_\_\_\_\_ out of the window, and I \_\_\_\_\_ many beautiful flowers.  
A. looking; seeing                      B. looking; see                      C. look; seeing

VIII. Complete the dialogue. 完成对话。（10 分）

A. What are you doing?    B. I'd like some candy.    C. No, thanks.  
D. I'm drinking some juice.    E. Here you are.


Li Ming: 1 \_\_\_\_\_, Danny?  
Danny: I'm reading a book. What are you doing now?  
Li Ming: 2 \_\_\_\_\_ Would you like some juice?  
Danny: 3 \_\_\_\_\_ I'm not thirsty, and I'm not hungry. But 4 \_\_\_\_\_  
I like candy very much.  
Li Ming: Okay. 5 \_\_\_\_\_

IX. Complete the sentences. 根据范例写句子。（10 分）


1. 

tired/sit


The man is tired.  
He is sitting.

2. 

hungry/eat

3. 

thirsty/drink

4. 

happy/dance

X. Read and choose. 阅读短文，选择正确选项。（10 分）

A dog, a cat and a duck are good friends. One day, they are playing together. They are singing, dancing, running and jumping. They are very happy. Suddenly (突然), the duck falls into a big hole. The dog and the cat cry, "Help! Help!" A bird comes and says, "Let me go to ask the elephant to help."  
The elephant is eating bananas in the forest. He comes to the hole quickly. The elephant puts his nose into the hole. But his nose isn't long enough. Then he has a good idea. He goes to the river and gets some water with his nose. Then the elephant puts the water into the hole. The hole is full of water and the duck comes out.

- ( ) 1. The best title( 题目 ) of the story is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. A dog, a cat and a duck are good friends    B. Help the little duck  
C. A clever bird
- ( ) 2. What happened to the little duck?  
A. The duck was lost.                      B. The duck was afraid of water.  
C. The duck fell into a big hole.
- ( ) 3. Who helped the little duck come out?  
A. A dog.                      B. A cat.                      C. An elephant.
- ( ) 4. How did the duck come out?  
A. The dog and the cat pulled it out.    B. The duck flew out of the hole.  
C. The elephant put some water into the hole.
- ( ) 5. Which one is right?  
A. The elephant is clever.                      B. The dog fell into a big hole.  
C. The duck had a good idea.

XI. Writing. 短文写作。（10 分）

春天来了，天气暖和了，街上的人也多起来。请用不少于 40 个单词描述街上的情况，题目自拟。  
参考词汇： playing cards, walking, riding a bike, singing, running, happy, tired

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Unit 2 (A 卷)

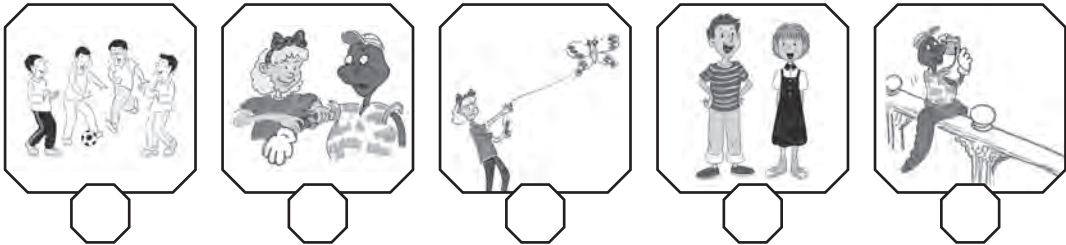
题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	总分
得分													

★ Listening Part 听力部分 (30 分) ★

I. Listen and choose. 听音，选出你听到的单词。(5 分)

- (     ) 1. A. any                      B. many                      C. some
- (     ) 2. A. sad                      B. afraid                      C. tired
- (     ) 3. A. easy                      B. busy                      C. happy
- (     ) 4. A. take                      B. make                      C. wait
- (     ) 5. A. woman                      B. man                      C. women

II. Listen and number. 听音，给图片标号。(5 分)



III. Listen and choose. 听音，选出与所听内容意义相符的一项。(10 分)

- (     ) 1. A. Li Ming's plane will arrive at 6:30.  
                     B. They arrive in Beijing at 1:17.
- (     ) 2. A. This is difficult for Danny.    B. This is easy for Danny.
- (     ) 3. A. They are going to the Palace Museum.  
                     B. They are in the Palace Museum.
- (     ) 4. A. I want to draw a picture.        B. I want to take a picture of you.
- (     ) 5. A. Li Ming buys some tea for his father.  
                     B. Li Ming buys a T-shirt for his father.

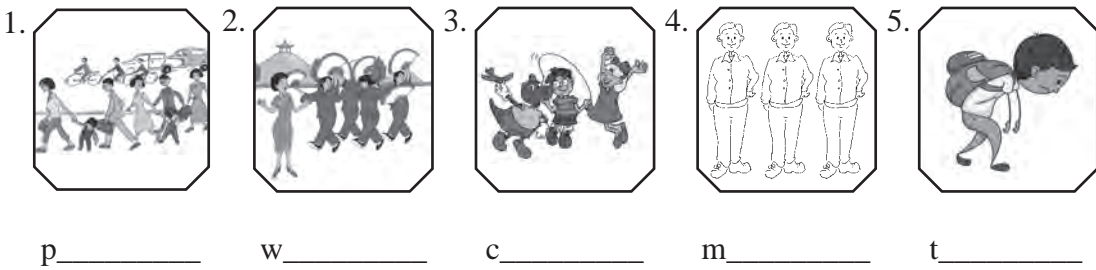
IV. Listen and choose. 听问句，选答语。(10 分)

- (     ) 1. A. It's about 600 years old.        B. It's 6000 years old.
- (     ) 2. A. It's 2:30.                      B. In the morning.
- (     ) 3. A. I see some chairs and tables.    B. I will go to see a film.
- (     ) 4. A. Some men are running.        B. An old man is doing Tai Chi.

- (     ) 5. A. He buys a scarf for his father.  
                     B. She buys some tea for her father.

★ Writing Part 笔试部分 (70 分) ★

V. Look and write. 看图，写单词。(5 分)



VI. Choose the different words. 选出每组中不同类的单词。(5 分)

- (     ) 1. A. child                      B. women                      C. men                      D. teachers
- (     ) 2. A. say                      B. sad                      C. take                      D. help
- (     ) 3. A. afraid                      B. happy                      C. tired                      D. stop
- (     ) 4. A. hotel                      B. park                      C. shop                      D. people
- (     ) 5. A. high                      B. difficult                      C. feel                      D. easy

VII. Write the opposite words. 写出画线单词的反义词或对应词。(5 分)

1. This is difficult. That is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. These men are doing Tai Chi. Those \_\_\_\_\_ are dancing.
3. Danny jumps low. I jump \_\_\_\_\_.
4. You are happy, but he is \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Danny goes to buy some ice cream. Jenny \_\_\_\_\_ with some flowers.

VIII. Fill in the blanks. 用所给单词的适当形式填空。(5 分)

1. They are on \_\_\_\_\_ (they) way to the hotel.
2. Some old men are \_\_\_\_\_ (do) Tai Chi.
3. Don't \_\_\_\_\_ (be) afraid.
4. Jenny \_\_\_\_\_ (need) take a bus.
5. He \_\_\_\_\_ (feel) sad today.

IX. Choose the correct answer. 选择正确答案。(10 分)

- (     ) 1. There \_\_\_\_\_ many people in the park.  
                     A. is                      B. are                      C. be

- ( ) 2. \_\_\_\_\_ children are running.  
A. This                      B. That                      C. These
- ( ) 3. Let's \_\_\_\_\_ a kite.  
A. flying                      B. flies                      C. fly
- ( ) 4. — \_\_\_\_\_ is the Great Wall? — About 6000 kilometres.  
A. How far                      B. How old                      C. How long
- ( ) 5. He loves \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. read                      B. reads                      C. reading
- ( ) 6. Li Ming \_\_\_\_\_ with his mother on Wangfujing Street.  
A. goes shopping                      B. go shop                      C. go shopping
- ( ) 7. Jenny \_\_\_\_\_ a scarf \_\_\_\_\_ her mother.  
A. buy; to                      B. buys; at                      C. buys; for
- ( ) 8. He \_\_\_\_\_ the restaurant.  
A. runs                      B. runs to                      C. run
- ( ) 9. The Great Wall is \_\_\_\_\_ from our hotel.  
A. far                      B. near                      C. beside
- ( ) 10. — \_\_\_\_\_ is it? — It's 7:00.  
A. How much                      B. What time                      C. What

**X. Put the words in order. 连词成句。(10 分)**

1. tired, Danny, hungry, and, feels (.)  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. stand, please, beside, Jenny (.)  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. arrive, they, in, Beijing, at, 1:17 (.)  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. pictures, people, some, taking, are, square, on, the (.)  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. is, child, a, a, kite flying (.)  
\_\_\_\_\_

**XI. Follow the directions. 按要求做题。(20 分)**

It's Friday today. My friends and I are in a park. We are having a good time.

Mike and Tom are drawing pictures under a big tree. Lily and Joe are singing and dancing. I am talking with our teacher, Miss Li. Look, Li Tao is sitting on the grass. He is reading a story book. Mary is running after a nice butterfly. She wants to catch it.

**a. Choose the correct answer. 选择正确答案。(10 分)**

- ( ) 1. What day is today?  
A. Saturday.                      B. Friday.                      C. Sunday.
- ( ) 2. Where are we?  
A. At the zoo.                      B. On the playground.                      C. In the park.
- ( ) 3. Who is Miss Li?  
A. My friend.                      B. My sister.                      C. My teacher.
- ( ) 4. What are Mike and Tom doing?  
A. Dancing.                      B. Talking.                      C. Drawing.
- ( ) 5. What does Mary want to catch?  
A. A butterfly.                      B. A bird.                      C. A fish.

**b. Tell true or false. 判断正(T)误(F)。(10 分)**

- ( ) 1. I am a teacher.
- ( ) 2. We feel happy.
- ( ) 3. Mary is afraid of butterflies.
- ( ) 4. Joe feels sad today.
- ( ) 5. Lily can dance.

**XII. Writing. 短文写作。(10 分)**

以 “In the Park” 为题，写一篇不少于 50 个单词的短文。

参考短语：flying a kite, doing Tai Chi, playing football, singing songs, drawing pictures, feel happy

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## Unit 2 (B 卷)

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	总分
得分													

### ★ Listening Part 听力部分 (30 分) ★

#### I. Listen and circle. 听音，圈出正确的图片。(5 分)



#### II. Listen and tick or cross. 听音，判断句子与所听内容是 (√) 否 (×) 一致。(5 分)

- ( ) 1. They are on their way to the hotel.  
 ( ) 2. Let's ride a bike to the Great Wall.  
 ( ) 3. These women are dancing.  
 ( ) 4. I can't walk with the big bag.  
 ( ) 5. I feel tired but happy.

#### III. Listen and choose. 听音，选择正确的问句。(10 分)






- ( ) 1. A. What time is it? B. When do you arrive?  
 ( ) 2. A. How old is the Great Wall? B. How old is the Palace Museum?  
 ( ) 3. A. May I take your picture? B. Why do you feel sad?  
 ( ) 4. A. How long is the Great Wall? B. How far is it from our hotel to the Great Wall?  
 ( ) 5. A. What are you doing now? B. What are they doing?

#### IV. Listen and fill in the blanks. 听短文，填空。(10 分)

There are many \_\_\_\_\_ in the park. Some old \_\_\_\_\_ are doing Thai Chi. Some old \_\_\_\_\_ are dancing. A \_\_\_\_\_ is reading a book. A young man is \_\_\_\_\_ a kite. A boy hurts his \_\_\_\_\_. A woman says to him, "Don't be \_\_\_\_\_! I can \_\_\_\_\_ you." I \_\_\_\_\_ a picture of them. It's a fine day. I \_\_\_\_\_ happy.

### ★ Writing Part 笔试部分 (70 分) ★

#### V. Look and write the words. 根据图片及首字母提示写单词，补全句子。(10 分)

1. I'm w\_\_\_\_\_ for the bus.   
 2. The traffic light is red. Please s\_\_\_\_\_.   
 3. The doctor says, "Don't w\_\_\_\_\_."   
 4. He does his homework for a long time. Now he is t\_\_\_\_\_.   
 5. Don't be afraid! I can h\_\_\_\_\_ you. 

#### VI. Read and tick or cross. 读一读，判断画线部分读音是 (√) 否 (×) 相同。(10 分)

- ( ) 1. play say ( ) 2. busy bus ( ) 3. sad arrive  
 ( ) 4. help men ( ) 5. stop worry

#### VII. Look and match. 看图，把句子和图片搭配起来。(5 分)



- A. I like to take pictures. It's fun and easy for me.  
 B. Some children are playing a game.  
 C. She is listening to music.  
 D. Danny is crossing the river. He feels afraid.  
 E. They are waiting for Danny.

#### VIII. Choose the correct answer. 选择正确答案。(10 分)

- ( ) 1. We arrive \_\_\_\_\_ Beijing \_\_\_\_\_ 10:00 in the morning.  
 A. in; in B. in; at C. at; in  
 ( ) 2. There are \_\_\_\_\_ cars and buses on the street.  
 A. too much B. too many C. too small  
 ( ) 3. I live too \_\_\_\_\_ my school. I can't walk to school.  
 A. near B. far from C. far



- ( ) 4. I can't walk home \_\_\_\_\_ the big toy.  
 A. with                      B. to                      C. at
- ( ) 5. Please stand \_\_\_\_\_ the car.  
 A. beside                      B. under                      C. in
- ( ) 6. I want to buy a T-shirt \_\_\_\_\_ my sister.  
 A. for                      B. on                      C. at
- ( ) 7. Danny looks \_\_\_\_\_ fifteen shops.  
 A. on                      B. of                      C. in
- ( ) 8. The child \_\_\_\_\_ dancing to the music.  
 A. is                      B. are                      C. am
- ( ) 9. He is on \_\_\_\_\_ way to the hotel.  
 A. his                      B. him                      C. he
- ( ) 10. My father can't go on a trip with us. He is too \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. happy                      B. hungry                      C. busy

IX. Look and order. 根据图片的序号排列句子。(5 分)



- ( ) We arrive home at 2:00 in the afternoon.
- ( ) We take a bus. We are on our way home.
- ( ) The girl is jumping on the bus. It's dangerous ( 危险的 ).
- ( ) There are many cars and buses on the street.
- ( ) I feel very thirsty. I would like some water.

X. Complete the dialogue. 完成对话。(10 分)

Linda: It's Sunday. 1 \_\_\_\_\_

Jim: Okay! 2 \_\_\_\_\_

Linda: It's far. Let's take a bus.

Jim: 3 \_\_\_\_\_

Linda: Yes. It's very old and long.

Jim: 4 \_\_\_\_\_

Linda: It's about 2000 years old.

Jim: Oh, so old. 5 \_\_\_\_\_

Linda: It's about 6000 kilometres.

Jim: It's very great! I can't wait to go.

- A. How long is the Great Wall?
- B. Let's go to the Great Wall.
- C. Do you know about the Great Wall?
- D. How can we go there?
- E. How old is the Great Wall?

XI. Read and choose. 阅读短文，选择正确答案。(10 分)

Miss Zhang is our English teacher. She is kind and beautiful. I love to have English classes. Today is June 1. Miss Zhang takes us to the zoo. We see many lovely animals. Look! The monkeys are climbing trees. The pandas are eating bamboo. The rabbits are jumping. Mother Kangaroo and Baby Kangaroo are sleeping. What is Joe doing? He is taking pictures. Where is Alice? She is collecting leaves under a big tree. "Happy Children's Day, boys and girls!" says Miss Zhang. What a nice day!

- ( ) 1. Who is Miss Zhang?  
 A. She is a Chinese teacher.      B. She is an English teacher.  
 C. She is a bus driver.
- ( ) 2. Today is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Workers' Day      B. Teachers' Day      C. Children's Day
- ( ) 3. Are there any kangaroos in the zoo?  
 A. Yes, there are.      B. No, there aren't.      C. Yes, they are.
- ( ) 4. Is Alice lost?  
 A. Yes, she is.      B. No, she is collecting leaves.  
 C. No, she is taking pictures.
- ( ) 5. The students are \_\_\_\_\_ today.  
 A. happy      B. sad      C. afraid

XII. Writing. 短文写作。(10 分)

周末你和妈妈去超市购物，你看到很多人。他们在做些什么？请用英语描述一下。

- 要求：1. 请使用现在进行时描述人物的行为。 2. 描述要符合实际。  
 3. 题目自拟，不少于 50 个单词，句子通顺、正确，书写工整。


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期中测试（A 卷）


题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	总分
得分													


★ Listening Part 听力部分（30 分）★

I. Listen and tick. 听音，勾出与所听内容相符的图片。（5 分）

1. A. 

B. 

2. A. 

B. 

3. A. 

B. 

4. A. 

B. 

5. A. 

B. 

II. Listen and choose. 听音，选出你听到的单词。（5 分）

- ( ) 1. A. sorry

B. jump

C. dance
- ( ) 2. A. thirsty

B. tired

C. hungry
- ( ) 3. A. make

B. late

C. wait
- ( ) 4. A. easy

B. busy

C. lucky
- ( ) 5. A. many

B. any

C. may

III. Listen and choose. 听音，选出与所听内容相符的一项。（10 分）

- ( ) 1. A. Don't turn left.

B. Don't turn right.
- ( ) 2. A. The boys are swimming in the river.

B. The boys are playing at the zoo.
- ( ) 3. A. I'd like some water.

B. I'd like some bread.
- ( ) 4. A. There are some women at the shop.

B. There are some men on the square.
- ( ) 5. A. The little girl is running.

B. The little girl is crying.

IV. Listen and circle. 听问句，圈出正确答语。（10 分）

1. A. She is crying.

B. He is singing.
2. A. No, I don't.

B. Yes, I can.

3. A. I am talking to my teacher.


B. I would like some fruit.
4. A. Yes, please.


B. No, you may not.
5. A. We are thirsty.


B. I am hungry.


★ Writing Part 笔试部分（70 分）★


V. Look and write the words. 看图，写单词。（5 分）

1. 

2. 

3. 

4. 

5. 

c\_\_\_\_\_

d\_\_\_\_\_

g\_\_\_\_\_

b\_\_\_\_\_

w\_\_\_\_\_

VI. Choose the correct answer. 选择正确答案。（20 分）

- ( ) 1. She buys a hat \_\_\_\_\_ her brother.

A. to

B. for

C. gives
- ( ) 2. Jack is playing cards \_\_\_\_\_ his friends.

A. of

B. and

C. with
- ( ) 3. \_\_\_\_\_ are many people on the street.

A. This

B. There

C. That
- ( ) 4. How old \_\_\_\_\_ the Great Wall?

A. is

B. are

C. be
- ( ) 5. They \_\_\_\_\_ on the playground. They are tired.

A. is sitting

B. sitting

C. are sitting
- ( ) 6. May I take \_\_\_\_\_ picture?

A. your

B. you

C. yours
- ( ) 7. He can jump high. That's \_\_\_\_\_ for him.

A. difficult

B. easy

C. busy
- ( ) 8. There are \_\_\_\_\_ pictures in the bag.

A. many

B. any

C. much
- ( ) 9. Please \_\_\_\_\_ up.

A. stands

B. standing

C. stand
- ( ) 10. We arrive \_\_\_\_\_ the bookshop at 9:00.

A. for






B. at

C. with

VII. Choose the correct words. 圈出括号里恰当的词语，完成句子。（5分）

- 1. Would you like (some, many) tea?
- 2. Lucy is singing a song ( at, to ) her mother.
- 3. What is Bob looking ( at, 不填 )?
- 4. The girl can't find her new crayon. She feels (sad, happy).
- 5. Don't (be, is ) afraid. I can help you.

VIII. Choose the correct sentences. 根据图片选择合适的句子。（5分）

- ( ) 1. A. It is 7:00 in the evening.  
B. It is 9:00 in the morning. 
- ( ) 2. A. I'm thirsty. I'd like some tea.  
B. I'm hungry. I'd like some rice. 
- ( ) 3. A. Some people are walking on the street.  
B. Some children are running in the school. 
- ( ) 4. A. Please don't take photos here.  
B. Please don't walk on the grass. 
- ( ) 5. A. The man is taking a picture.  
B. The man is drawing a picture. 

IX. Fill in the blanks. 选词并用其正确形式填空。（5分）

woman afraid sit run cry










- 1. The baby is \_\_\_\_\_. He is hungry.
- 2. These \_\_\_\_\_ are talking in the park.
- 3. Don't be \_\_\_\_\_. I can help you.
- 4. My mother is \_\_\_\_\_ in the chair. She feels tired.
- 5. Look! The boys are \_\_\_\_\_. Jack is the first.

X. Read and match. 把问句和答句搭配起来。（10分）

- ( ) 1. How old is the Great Wall?
  - ( ) 2. What is your mother doing?
  - ( ) 3. Would you like some rice and juice?
  - ( ) 4. What time is it?
  - ( ) 5. Does your brother feel sad?
- A. She is reading a book.
  - B. No, thanks.
  - C. It is 3:30.
  - D. No, he feels very happy.
  - E. It is about 2000 years old.

XI. Read and choose. 阅读短文，选择正确选项。（10分）

Today is Saturday. It's warm and sunny. There is a sports meeting (运动会) in our school. On the playground, there are many teachers and students. Some students are watching a football game. Look! The girls are running. Jane is the first. Lucy is behind her. We cheer for them. We are so excited. What is Tommy doing? He is taking pictures!

- ( ) 1. How is the weather today?  
A.  B.  C. 
- ( ) 2. There \_\_\_\_\_ a football game at the sports meeting.  
A. is B. isn't C. are
- ( ) 3. Where is the sports meeting?  
A.  B.  C. 
- ( ) 4. Lucy is the \_\_\_\_\_ in the race.  
A. first B. second C. third
- ( ) 5. What is Tommy doing?  
A.  B.  C. 

XII. Writing. 短文写作。（10分）

下课铃响起，同学们都到操场上去做活动了，看看他们都在做什么？用现在进行时描述一下吧。注意时态，题目自拟。

参考词汇：playground, football, running, basketball, walking, talking, jumping

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期中测试（B 卷）

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	总分
得分													

★ Listening Part 听力部分（30 分）★

I. Listen and and tick or cross. 听音，判断图片和所听内容是（√）否（×）一致。（5 分）

1.  ( )
2.  ( )
3.  ( )
4.  ( )
5.  ( )

II. Listen and fill in the blanks. 听音，填空。（5 分）

- How do you feel? — I feel very \_\_\_\_\_.
- There are some \_\_\_\_\_ in his bedroom.
- Don't be \_\_\_\_\_. I will go with you.
- The light is yellow. Please \_\_\_\_\_.
- I am very thirsty. I'd like some \_\_\_\_\_.

III. Listen and order. 听音，给句子排序。（10 分）

- ( ) Her sister is sad.
 ( ) I'd like some fish and rice for lunch.
- ( ) Jack's brother is jumping.
 ( ) There are some cars on the street.
- ( ) They are having fun.

IV. Listen and tick. 听短文，在表格的相应位置处打√。（10 分）

name	dumplings	noodles	juice	fish	rice	tea	vegetables
Peter							
Tom							
Jack							
Mary							

★ Writing Part 笔试部分（70 分）★

V. Look and write the words. 看图片，写单词。（5 分）

- I am very thirsty. I want to drink some w\_\_\_\_\_.



- There are some c\_\_\_\_\_  in the park.

- Jack is d\_\_\_\_\_  a picture now.

- He is r\_\_\_\_\_  on the playground.

- The b\_\_\_\_\_  is Tom's brother.

VI. Write the opposite words. 写出画线单词的反义词或对应词。（5 分）

- These women are talking. Those   are playing football.
- Lucy is happy, but Lily is   today.
- This girl is dancing. That   is singing.
- Don't sit  . Please stand up.
- This   is her mother and that man is her father.

VII. Choose the correct answer. 选择正确答案。（10 分）

- ( ) 1. Would you like \_\_\_\_\_ soup?  
 A. eat                      B. some                      C. many
- ( ) 2. Tom wants \_\_\_\_\_, but he can't dance well.  
 A. dance                      B. dancing                      C. to dance
- ( ) 3. — Can Danny fly a kite? — Yes, he \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. is                      B. can                      C. does
- ( ) 4. Please \_\_\_\_\_ at the blackboard and listen to the teacher.  
 A. see                      B. look                      C. watch
- ( ) 5. You \_\_\_\_\_ hungry. I \_\_\_\_\_ thirsty.  
 A. is; are                      B. do; do                      C. are; am
- ( ) 6. What do you \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A. see                      B. saw                      C. seeing



- ( ) 7. — \_\_\_\_\_ is thirsty? — Jack is thirsty.  
A. What                      B. Who                      C. who
- ( ) 8. — How do you \_\_\_\_\_? — I feel happy.  
A. like                      B. want                      C. feel
- ( ) 9. — What would you like? — I'd like some \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. egg                      B. apple                      C. candy
- ( ) 10. The light is red. Please \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. walk                      B. stop                      C. go

**VIII. Put the words in order. 连词成句。(10 分)**

1. his, what, sister, is, doing (?)  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. take, I, may, picture, your (?)  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. old, about, is, the Great Wall, 2000 years (.)  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. on, many, are, the, square, people, there (.)  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. to, eat, you, would, like, what (?)  
\_\_\_\_\_

**IX. Follow the directions. 按要求做题。(10 分)**






1. The Great Wall is about 6000 kilometres long. (对画线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. What would you like for dinner today? (根据实际情况回答)  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. That child is playing on the playground. (改为复数句子)  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. The traffic light is yellow. What should(应该) you do on the street? (写出答语)  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. I draw a picture. (改为现在进行时)  
\_\_\_\_\_

**X. Write sentences according to the example. 仿照例句, 写句子。(10 分)**

**Example:**

She is singing a song. (sing a song)



1. They \_\_\_\_\_. (drink tea) 
2. I \_\_\_\_\_. (read a book) 
3. They \_\_\_\_\_. (watch a film) 
4. They \_\_\_\_\_. (take pictures) 
5. The girl \_\_\_\_\_. (sleep) 

**XI. Read and tell true or false. 阅读短文, 判断正(T)误(F)。(10 分)**

Today is sunny. Bob rides a bike to the park with his father. His mother doesn't go with them, because she has too much work. She is a teacher. She is very busy. There are many people in the park. Some children are playing games. Some old men are flying kites. Some old women are looking at the boats on the lake. What is Bob doing? He is playing with a baby. All the people are having fun.

- ( ) 1. The weather is fine today.
- ( ) 2. Bob's mother is a teacher.
- ( ) 3. Bob goes to the park with his parents.
- ( ) 4. There is a lake in the park.
- ( ) 5. Bob is a baby.

**XII. Writing. 短文写作。(10 分)**

你和父母去哪里旅游了? 看到了什么? 请写几句话来描述当时的情景。  
注意用现在进行时态, 题目自拟。

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# 听力材料及参考答案

## Unit 1（A 卷）

### ●听力材料●

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. The girl behind me is singing. 2. Lynn is drawing a picture now. 3. Would you like some water?  
4. He is playing with his toys. 5. Please don't stand up.

#### II. Listen and choose.

1. Jenny and Danny come to China today. 2. What would you like to drink?  
3. Sam is not looking out of the window. 4. The baby is crying. 5. Who is hungry?

#### III. Listen and order.

1. Don't eat or drink. 2. Please turn right. 3. Don't turn left. 4. Don't swim. 5. Don't run or jump.

#### IV. Listen and fill in the blanks.

It's a fine day. Li Ming and his family are in the park. Li Ming is sitting under a tree. He is drinking some juice.  
His mother is reading the newspaper. His cousin Jing is playing with a cat. His father and uncle are playing cards.  
They're having fun.

### ●参考答案●

- I. CBBA II. AABAA III. BECAF IV. family, sitting, drinking, cards, having  
V. 1. picture 2. water 3. see 4. standing 5. woman VI. 1. is 2. bananas 3. likes 4. sitting 5. an 6. jump 7. isn't  
8. walks 9. crying 10. me VII. 1-5 CCACB 6-10 BBBBA VIII. 1-E, 2-C, 3-B, 4-A, 5-D  
IX. 1. What is the boy doing now? 2. I like candy very much. 3. I am not playing with the dog.  
4. The man behind me is talking. 5. What is Jenny looking at? X. a. FFFTT b. BCBCA  
XI. 参考范文： On the train

It's a fine day. My father, my mother and I go to Beijing by train. There are many people on the train. A woman  
behind me is reading the newspaper. A man is playing cards with his friends. I'm looking out of the window. I see  
many sheep. They're eating grass. I like to take a train. It is a fun trip.

## Unit 1（B 卷）

### ●听力材料●

#### I. Listen and choose.

1. I'd like an apple and an orange. 2. I can't find Danny. 3. I like candy very much.  
4. He is talking to the woman behind you. 5. Danny is singing a song to your mother.

#### II. Listen and circle.

1. Some boys and girls are playing there. 2. Don't turn left. 3. The girl behind you is singing.  
4. I'm thirsty. I'd like some tea. 5. How much is this? Fifteen yuan.

#### III. Listen and choose.

1. W: Is the baby crying? M: No, the baby is sleeping now.  
2. M: Are you singing, Jenny? W: No, I'm not. The woman behind me is singing.  
3. W: Would you like some bread, Jim? M: No, thanks. I'm not hungry.  
4. M: Jenny, what are you doing now? W: I'm reading a book.  
5. M: Are you hungry, Etta? W: I'm not hungry, and I'm not thirsty. But I'd like some candy.

#### IV. Listen and tell true or false.

It's 10:30 in the morning. Students are in the art classroom now. Jim is looking at the blackboard. Sally is listening  
to the teacher. Steven is looking for his crayons. They all like to draw pictures.

### ●参考答案●

- I. ABBAC II. 1. 右图 2. 左图 3. 左图 4. 左图 5. 左图 III. BBBAA IV. FFTFT V. DBCDB  
VI. 1-B: sit 2-A: cry 3-E: candy 4-D: talk 5-C: sleep VII. BABAB VIII. ADCBE  
IX. 2. The girl is hungry. She is eating. 3. The woman is thirsty. She is drinking.  
4. The boy is happy. He is dancing. X. BCCCA  
XI. 参考范文： On the street

It's warm and sunny in the afternoon. There are many people on the street. Some boys and girls are running and  
jumping. Two old men are playing cards under the tree. A young man is riding a bike. Who is singing? A woman  
is singing to her baby. Her baby is very happy in the sun.

## Unit 2（A 卷）

### ●听力材料●

#### I. Listen and choose.

1. Many children are on the playground. 2. Why are you sad? 3. My father is very busy every day.  
4. Let's take a bus. 5. What are those women doing?

#### II. Listen and number.

1. Danny hurts his arm. 2. Some men are playing football. 3. Danny is taking a picture.  
4. Jenny can fly the kite very high. 5. The girl stands beside the boy.

#### III. Listen and choose.

1. Li Ming, Danny, Jenny and Mrs. Li arrive in Beijing at 1:17. 2. Danny can't fly his kite.  
3. They are visiting the Palace Museum. 4. May I take your picture? 5. Li Ming buys a T-shirt for his father.

#### IV. Listen and choose.

1. How old is the Palace Museum? 2. What time is it now? 3. What do you see? 4. Who is doing Tai Chi?  
5. What does Jenny buy for her father?

### ●参考答案●

- I. BABAC II. 2-1-4-5-3 III. BABBB IV. AAABB V. 1. people 2. women 3. children 4. men 5. tired  
VI. ABDDC VII. 1. easy 2. women 3. high 4. sad 5. comes VIII. 1. their 2. doing 3. be 4. needs to 5. feels/felt  
IX. 1-5 BCCCC 6-10 ACBAB X. 1. Danny feels hungry and tired. 2. Please stand beside Jenny.  
3. They arrive in Beijing at 1:17. 4. Some people are taking pictures on the square. 5. A child is flying a kite.  
XI. a. BCCCA b. FTFFT  
XII. 参考范文： In the park

Today is Saturday. It's warm and sunny. I walk to the park. There are many people in the park. Some old men are  
doing Tai Chi. Some women are dancing. Some girls are reading books under the tree. A child falls down from his  
bike. A young man says to him, "Don't be afraid! I can help you." He is so kind. It's a nice weekend.

## Unit 2（B 卷）

### ●听力材料●

#### I. Listen and circle.

1. I get up at 7:00 o'clock in the morning. 2. Two women are talking. 3. I take a bus to school.  
4. I feel very sad today. 5. I hurt my arm.

II. Listen and tick or cross.

1. They are on their way to the hotel. 2. Let’s go to the Great Wall by bus. 3. These women are dancing.  
4. I can’t walk with that toy panda. 5. I feel tired and sad.

III. Listen and choose.

1. It’s 2:30 now. 2. The Palace Museum is about 600 years old. 3. Sure!  
4. The Great Wall is about 6000 kilometres long. 5. They are running.

IV. Listen and fill in the blanks.

There are many people in the park. Some old men are doing Thai Chi. Some old women are dancing. A child is reading a book. A young man is flying a kite. A boy hurts his arm. A woman says to him, “Don’t be afraid! I can help you.” I take a picture of them. It’s a fine day. I feel happy.

● 参考答案 ●

I. 1. 左图 2. 左图 3. 右图 4. 左图 5. 右图 II. √×√×× III. ABAAB

IV. people, men, women, child, flying, arm, afraid, help, take, feel V. 1. waiting 2. stop 3. worry 4. tired 5. help

VI. √××√× VII. 1-D, 2-C, 3-B, 4-A, 5-E VIII. 1-5 BBBAA 6-10 ACAAC IX. 5-1-3-2-4

X. BDCEA XI. BCABA

XII. 参考范文： In the supermarket

It’s Sunday morning. My mother and I go to the supermarket. There are many people there. Some old men and women are waiting to buy eggs. A young woman is looking at the milk. Some men are talking about the meat. A child is crying. Oh, he is lost. I say, “Don’t be afraid. I can help you.” I help him find his mother. He feels happy. I’m happy, too. Today is a nice day.

期中测试（A 卷）

● 听力材料 ●

I. Listen and tick.

1. These children are playing games in the park. 2. What time is it? It’s 1:30. 3. The boys are playing football.  
4. I’d like some bread for breakfast. 5. They are taking pictures.

II. Listen and choose.

1. Don’t jump. 2. He is very hungry. 3. The light is yellow. Please wait. 4. My mother is busy on Sunday.  
5. There are many students in the classroom.

III. Listen and choose.

1. Don’t turn right. 2. The boys are playing at the zoo. 3. I’d like some water.  
4. There are some men on the square. 5. The little girl is running.

IV. Listen and circle.

1. What is your sister doing? 2. Can you fly a kite? 3. What are you doing now?  
4. Would you like some juice? 5. Who is hungry?

● 参考答案 ●

I. ABAAB II. BCCBA III. BBABA IV. ABAAB V. 1. candy 2. dance 3. girl 4. boy 5. water

VI. 1-5 BCBAC 6-10 ABACB VII. 1. some 2. to 3. at 4. sad 5. be VIII. BAABB

IX. 1. crying 2. women 3. afraid 4. sitting 5. running X. 1-E, 2-A, 3-B, 4-C, 5-D XI. BABBC

XII. 参考范文： On the playground

The class is over. All the students go to the playground. Some boys are playing football. Some girls are playing games. I am skipping rope with my friends. Some teachers also come out of their offices. They are walking and talking on the playground. It’s a fine day today. All the people look happy.

期中测试（B 卷）

● 听力材料 ●

I. Listen and and tick or cross.

1. The girl is dancing. 2. She is sleeping on bed. 3. I’d like some candy. 4. The baby isn’t crying. 5. Don’t turn left.

II. Listen and fill in the blanks.

1. — How do you feel? — I feel very tired. 2. There are some pictures in his bedroom.  
3. Don’t be afraid. I will go with you. 4. The light is yellow. Please wait. 5. I am very thirsty. I’d like some tea.

III. Listen and order.

1. I’d like some fish and rice for lunch. 2. Her sister is sad. 3. There are some cars on the street.  
4. They are having fun. 5. Jack’s brother is jumping.

IV. Listen and tick.

It is time for lunch. Peter and his friends go to the restaurant to have lunch. Jack is very hungry. He wants to eat some rice and fish. He also wants to drink some juice. Peter would like some rice and vegetables. Tom wants to have noodles and juice. Mary likes Chinese food very much. She would like some dumplings. She also wants to drink some tea.

● 参考答案 ●

I. ×√√×× II. 1. tired 2. pictures 3. afraid 4. wait 5. tea III. 2-1-5-3-4

IV.

name	dumplings	noodles	juice	fish	rice	tea	vegetables
Peter					√		√
Tom		√	√				
Jack			√	√	√		
Mary	√					√	

V. 1. water 2. children 3. drawing 4. running 5. baby VI. 1. men 2. sad 3. boy 4. down 5. woman

VII. 1-5 BCBBC 6-10 ABCCB VIII. 1. What is his sister doing? 2. May I take your picture?

3. The Great Wall is about 2000 years old. 4. There are many people on the square. 5. What would you like to eat?

IX. 1. How long is the Great Wall? 2. 略 3. Those children are playing on the playground. 4. Wait.

5. I’m drawing a picture. X. 1. They are drinking tea. 2. I am reading a book. 3. They are watching a film.

4. They are taking pictures. 5. The girl is sleeping. XI. TTFTF

XII. 参考范文： On the beach

My family goes on a trip to Sanya. We come to the beach. It’s sunny. The sky and the sea are blue. They look so beautiful. There are many people. Some children are swimming in the sea with their parents. Two girls are playing with the sand on the beach. Some women are sitting under trees. They are drinking water. I take a boat with my mum. My dad is taking our pictures. We are very happy.

Unit 3（A 卷）

● 听力材料 ●

I. Listen and choose.

1. This is a letter. 2. How much is the postcard? 3. Don’t forget the stamp. 4. This is the Palace Museum.  
5. An email is fast.

II. Listen and number.

1. Jenny wants to send a postcard to her mum and dad. 2. Danny and Jenny go to the post office.  
3. Turn right at the traffic lights. 4. Jenny buys one stamp. 5. They will fly home tomorrow.



III. Listen and choose.

1. What’s this? 2. How much is the skirt? 3. Where is the post office? 4. May I see the postcard?  
5. What are you doing?

IV. Listen and fill in the blanks.

A: Excuse me, where is the post office? B: Go straight. Turn right at the traffic lights.

A: Thanks. B: You are welcome.

(At the post office)

A: I need stamps for two postcards to Shanghai. How much are they? B: They’re four yuan.

A: Okay. I’ll take them.

● 参考答案 ●

I. AACBA II. 5-4-2-1-3 III. ABABB IV. Turn right, How much, take

V. 1. computer 2. left 3. wrong 4. writing 5. right VI. BCCBC VII. 1. much 2. many 3. much 4. this 5. these

VIII. DAEBX IX. BBACC X. 1-B, 2-C, 3-D, 4-E, 5-A XI. FTTFT

XII. 参考范文：

Dear Dad,

How are you? I am fine. I am having fun in Dalian with my mother. The weather in Dalian is warm and sunny.

My mother and I swim in the sea and we eat sea food. This afternoon, we will buy some gifts. I want to buy a cap for you. Tomorrow we will go back home by train.

Love,

Xiaoming

Unit 3 ( B 卷 )

● 听力材料 ●

I. Listen and circle.

1. A postcard is slow. 2. This woman is my mum. 3. There is a computer in the room.  
4. What are these? They are traffic lights. 5. What’s this? This is a letter.

II. Listen and choose.

1. — How’s the weather? — It’s cold and snowy. 2. — What’s on the postcard? — It’s a picture of Tian’anmen Square.  
3. Don’t forget to write. 4. — Where do you put the address on a postcard? — On the right.  
5. This is a good idea.

III. Listen and tell true or false.

1. Steven needs stamps for two postcards. 2. We’ll go back to Canada tomorrow.  
3. Danny sends a letter to Steven. 4. It’s Friday today. 5. Don’t turn to the left.

IV. Listen and choose.

1. Would you like some juice? 2. How much is the book? 3. How are you?  
4. How does your mum go to work? 5. Where is the park?

● 参考答案 ●

I. ABABB II. BAABB III. FFFTT IV. BABAB V. √××√× VI. 1. dad 2. kind 3. email 4. Turn 5. dear

VII. CBAAC VIII. 1. This postcard has a picture of pandas. 2. Don’t forget to write to us.

3. She wants to take some pictures. 4. How much is this stamp? 5. We are having fun in Beijing.

IX. 1. left 2. right 3. school 4. zoo 5. second X. fine, are, playing, to send, computer XI. BBACC

XII. 参考范文：

<p>Tuesday, May 15</p> <p>Dear Lucy,</p> <p>How are you? I am fine. Summer holiday is coming. Would you like to come to China? We will go on trips to Beijing. Beijing is a great place. We will visit the Great Wall. He who doesn’t go to the Great Wall is not a true man. Do you know that saying?</p> <p>Your friend,</p> <p>Xiaomei</p>	<div>stamp</div> <p>89 Park Road</p> <p>Edmonton, Canada</p>
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Unit 4 ( A 卷 )

● 听力材料 ●

I. Listen and choose.

1. I ate an apple yesterday. 2. I feel happy. 3. My sister was six years old last year.  
4. My mother and I watched a film last night. 5. I went to the library last Sunday.

II. Listen and number.

1. Jenny helped her parents last night. 2. I walked to the park yesterday. 3. We watched a film last night.  
4. She went to school on foot. 5. My brother was seven last year.

III. Listen and choose.

1. Jing: Hello, Li Ming. Did you go to Beijing yesterday? Li Ming: No, I went to Tianjin yesterday.  
2. A: What did Mike do last Sunday? B: He went to the zoo.  
3. A: Tom, how old was your sister last year? B: She was four last year.  
4. A: What did you buy for your mother? B: I bought a red dress.  
5. A: How was the weather yesterday? B: It was rainy yesterday.

IV. Listen and fill in the blanks.

Yesterday was Saturday. I didn’t go to school. In the morning, I walked to the park with my sister. We saw many flowers. They were very beautiful. We had lunch at home. In the afternoon, I did my homework. And then I played with my friends. At 9:30 in the evening, I went to bed. I had a nice day.

● 参考答案 ●

I. ACACC II. 2-1-3-4-5 III. CBCAC IV. was, didn’t, walked, saw, were, had, did, played, went, had

V. go—went, eat—ate, see—saw, buy—bought, are—were XI. CACBA

VII.1. singing 2. did 3. went 4. watches 5. bought VIII. 1. am 2. were 3. is 4. was 5. are

IX. 1-5 ABCAA 6-10 BCACB. X.1. I helped my mother yesterday. 2. What did you do last night?

3. No, I didn’t. 4. 上个月我的姐姐（妹妹）在上海。 5. I took many photos in Beijing. XI. ABCBB

XII. 参考范文：

I was happy last Sunday. I played ping-pong with my friend in the morning. We had lunch at my home. My mother made good food for us. In the afternoon, we went to the supermarket by bus. I bought some food and my friend bought a cap. We ate some ice cream. It was a wonderful day.

Unit 4 (B 卷)

●听力材料●

I. Listen and circle.

1. I watched TV last night. 2. He ate breakfast at 7:30 this morning. 3. We had fun in the park last Sunday.  
4. Betty bought some fruit yesterday. 5. Mike hurt his leg yesterday.

II. Listen and choose.

1. How does your father go to work? 2. He is reading a book. 3. I'm hungry. I want to eat.  
4. I saw a plane yesterday. 5. Look at this photo.

III. Listen and tell true or false.

1. I played football with my friends yesterday. 2. I bought a book for my father. 3. He is reading the newspaper.  
4. She likes to fly kites. 5. We arrived in Beijing at half past eight.

IV. Listen and choose.

1. How did you go to school? 2. What do you like to play? 3. Where did Mike go yesterday?  
4. When did they go home? 5. Did you go to a library?

●参考答案●

- I. BBABB II. CBABC III. FTTFT IV. BAAAA V. ×√×√× VI. BACAC  
VII. 1. story 2. bought 3. made 4. ate 5. happy VIII. 1-5 ACCBB 6-10 ACBAA IX. CDAEB  
X. 1. She wanted to buy a toy bus. 2. What did she do in Changchun? 3. This cap is too big for me.  
4. I went to the zoo last Sunday. 5. Did she watch TV last night? XI. TTFTT

XII. 参考范文:

Last summer holiday, I went to Qingdao with my parents. We went there by train. We went to the beach. It was hot and sunny. The sky was blue. There were many people on the beach. My mother helped me make a dog with sand. Then we swam in the sea. We had a good time.

期末测试 (A 卷)

●听力材料●

I. Listen and choose.

1. top 2. right 3. postcard 4. straight 5. people

II. Listen and circle.

1. look out of the window 2. take a taxi to the hotel 3. turn right 4. on the square 5. write an email

III. Listen and number.

1. This is the photo of panda. 2. They are crying. 3. The boy's leg hurts. 4. She is taking photos.  
5. I want to write a letter to my dad.

IV. Listen and choose.

1. What are you doing? 2. What would you like? 3. Thank you very much. 4. Did you have a nice trip?  
5. How much is the stamp?

●参考答案●

- I. BAABC II. AABBA III. 4-3-2-5-1 IV. ACCAB V. 1. sleeping 2. letters 3. playing 4. candy 5. singing  
VI. 1. to 2. at 3. now 4. for 5. with 6. behind 7. up 8. back 9. down 10. many  
VII. 1. buy 2. feels 3. playing 4. be 5. Did VIII. 1-5 BBBBC 6-10 ACABB  
IX. 1. 站起来 2. take a picture (take pictures) 3. 害怕 4. 直行 5. last night 6. 忙碌的一天 7. feel tired  
8. look out of... 9. three women 10. 许多孩子 X. felt, sang songs, saw, children XI. TFFFT

XII. 参考范文: A busy day

It was Sunday yesterday. It was warm and sunny. In the morning, I cleaned my bedroom and washed my clothes. In the afternoon, I played football with my friends. Then we went to the zoo by bike. In the evening, I did my homework. At 9:30, I went to bed. What a busy day!

期末测试 (B 卷)

●听力材料●

I. Listen and circle.

1. sit 2. left 3. baby 4. men 5. sing

II. Listen and tell true or false.

1. I want to send an email to my father. 2. How many stamps do you want? 3. The postcard is six yuan.  
4. Turn right at the traffic lights. 5. We were on the Great Wall.

III. Listen and choose.

1. How much are the books? 2. Where is the post office? 3. Do you want to write a letter to your mother?  
4. Your postcard is nice. 5. Who is hungry?

IV. Listen and fill in the blanks.

Lily is writing slowly. Bob sees and asks, "What are you doing, Lily?" "Oh, I'm writing a letter to my grandmother," says Lily. "Why do you write so slowly?" asks Bob. Lily answers, "Because my grandmother reads slowly."

●参考答案●

- I. BAABA II. FTTF III. BACBA IV. sees, asks, writing, so, reads V. AACAB  
VI. 1. men 2. babies 3. sitting 4. did 5. were VII. 1-5 AAABB  
VIII. 1. B, dumplings 2. B, at 3. C, sitting 4. C, him 5. B, see IX. CEDAB  
X. 1. Please write back soon. 2. Here is a T-shirt for you. 3. We write an email on a computer.  
4. How is the weather in Canada? 5. What a fun trip! XI. FTTF

XII. 参考范文:

Read some good books. 读一些有益的书籍。

Don't play on the computer for a long time. 不要长时间玩电脑。

Please go on a trip with your family. 请跟你的家人一起去旅行。

Don't eat too much ice cream. 不要吃太多冰淇淋。

Don't swim in the river. 不要在河里游泳。

Eat more fruit. 多吃水果。

Do your homework on time. 按时做作业。